# Iowa Department of Natural Resources Title V Operating Permit

Name of Permitted Facility: WB Scott Area LLC

Facility Location: 11555 110th Avenue, Davenport, IA 52804

Air Quality Operating Permit Number: 25-TV-003

**Expiration Date:** 

**Permit Renewal Application Deadline:** 

**EIQ Number: 92-7021** 

Facility File Number: 82-01-187

#### **Responsible Official**

Name: Germain Lefevre

Title: Director of Project Delivery

Mailing Address: 150 Monument Road #207, Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004

Phone #: 484-431-5173

#### **Permit Contact Person for the Facility**

Name: Geoff Feiler Title: Project Engineer

Mailing Address: 150 Monument Road #207, Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004

Phone #: 267-614-1533

This permit is issued in accordance with 567 Iowa Administrative Code Chapter 24, and is issued subject to the terms and conditions contained in this permit. Two Title V Permits exist for Scott County Landfill and WB Scott Area LLC. These two permits constitute one stationary source. This is the permit for WB Scott Area LLC.

#### For the Director of the Department of Natural Resources

Marnie Stein, Supervisor of Air Operating Permits Section Date

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### **Abbreviations**

acfm	actual cubic feet per minute
CFR	Code of Federal Regulation
CE	<del>-</del>
	continuous emission monitor
°F	degrees Fahrenheit
	emissions inventory questionnaire
EP	* <del>*</del>
EU	
gr/dscf	grains per dry standard cubic foot
_	Iowa Administrative Code
	Iowa Department of Natural Resources
Mg	
MSW Landfill	Municipal Solid Waste landfill
	motor vehicle air conditioner
	Non-methane Organic Compound
	North American Industry Classification System
	new source performance standard
	parts per million by volume
lb/hr	
	pounds per million British thermal units
	Source Classification Codes
	standard cubic feet per minute
	Standard Industrial Classification
TPY	
	United States Environmental Protection Agency
0.02111	
Pollutants	
PM	particulate matter
	particulate matter ten microns or less in diameter
	particulate matter 2.5 microns or less in diameter
SO <sub>2</sub>	
NO <sub>x</sub>	
	volatile organic compound
CO	
	hazardous air pollutant

## I. Facility Description and Equipment List

Facility Name: WB Scott Area LLC

Permit Number: 25-TV-003

Facility Description: Industrial Gases (2813)

### **Equipment List**

Emission Point Number	Emission Unit Number	Emission Unit Description	IDNR Construction Permit Number
EP-01	ELL 01	WB Flare	24-A-123
EP-02	EU-01	Oxidation Unit	24-A-124

#### **II. Plant-Wide Conditions**

Facility Name: WB Scott Area LLC

Permit Number: 25-TV-003

Permit conditions are established in accord with 567 Iowa Administrative Code rule 24.108. When 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024, and cited in this permit becomes State Implementation Plan (SIP) approved, it will supersede 567 IAC as amended February 8, 2023. Prior to May 15, 2024, all Title V rule citations in this Title V permit were found and cited in 567 IAC Chapter 22. During the period from May 15, 2024, to the date that 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024, is approved into the SIP, both 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024 and 567 IAC as amended February 8, 2023 form the legal basis for the applicable requirements included in this permit. A crosswalk showing the citation changes is attached to this permit in Appendix B.

#### **Permit Duration**

The term of this permit is: 5 Years

Commencing on: Ending on:

Amendments, modifications and reopenings of the permit shall be obtained in accordance with 567 Iowa Administrative Code rules 24.110 - 24.114. Permits may be suspended, terminated, or revoked as specified in 567 Iowa Administrative Code Rules 24.115.

#### **Emission Limits**

Unless specified otherwise in the Source Specific Conditions, the following limitations and supporting regulations apply to all emission points at this plant:

Opacity (visible emissions): 40% opacity

Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 23.3(2)"d"

Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>): 500 parts per million by volume

Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 23.3(3)"e"

#### Particulate Matter:

No person shall cause or allow the emission of particulate matter from any source in excess of the emission standards specified in this chapter, except as provided in 567 – Chapter 24. For sources constructed, modified or reconstructed on or after July 21, 1999, the emission of particulate matter from any process shall not exceed an emission standard of 0.1 grain per dry standard cubic foot of exhaust gas, except as provided in 567 – 21.2(455B), 23.1(455B), 23.4(455B) and 567 – Chapter 24.

For sources constructed, modified or reconstructed prior to July 21, 1999, the emission of particulate matter from any process shall not exceed the amount determined from Table I, or

amount specified in a permit if based on an emission standard of 0.1 grain per standard cubic foot of exhaust gas or established from standards provided in 23.1(455B) and 23.4(455B). Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 23.3(2)"a"

<u>Fugitive Dust:</u> Attainment and Unclassified Areas - A person shall take reasonable precautions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne in quantities sufficient to cause a nuisance as defined in Iowa Code section 657.1 when the person allows, causes or permits any materials to be handled, transported or stored or a building, its appurtenances or a construction haul road to be used, constructed, altered, repaired or demolished, with the exception of farming operations or dust generated by ordinary travel on unpaved roads. Ordinary travel includes routine traffic and road maintenance activities such as scarifying, compacting, transporting road maintenance surfacing material, and scraping of the unpaved public road surface. (the preceding sentence is State Only) All persons, with the above exceptions, shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the discharge of visible emissions of fugitive dusts beyond the lot line of the property on which the emissions originate. The public highway authority shall be responsible for taking corrective action in those cases where said authority has received complaints of or has actual knowledge of dust conditions which require abatement pursuant to this subrule. Reasonable precautions may include, but not be limited to, the following procedures.

- 1. Use, where practical, of water or chemicals for control of dusts in the demolition of existing buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads or the clearing of land.
- 2. Application of suitable materials, such as but not limited to asphalt, oil, water or chemicals on unpaved roads, material stockpiles, race tracks and other surfaces which can give rise to airborne dusts.
- 3. Installation and use of containment or control equipment, to enclose or otherwise limit the emissions resulting from the handling and transfer of dusty materials, such as but not limited to grain, fertilizer or limestone.
- 4. Covering, at all times when in motion, open-bodied vehicles transporting materials likely to give rise to airborne dusts.
- 5. Prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets or to which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth-moving equipment, erosion by water or other means.
- 6. Reducing the speed of vehicles traveling over on-property surfaces as necessary to minimize the generation of airborne dusts.

Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 23.3(2)"c"

### **III. Emission Point-Specific Conditions**

Facility Name: WB Scott Area LLC

Permit Number: 25-TV-003

#### **Emission Point ID Number: EP-01**

#### **Associated Equipment**

Associated Emission Unit ID Numbers: EU-01 Emissions Control Equipment ID Number: CE-01 Emissions Control Equipment Description: Open Flare Continuous Emissions Monitors ID Numbers: N/A

Emission Unit vented through this Emission Point: EU-01

Emission Unit Description: WB Flare Raw Material/Fuel: Landfill Gas Rated Capacity: 1,288.5 scfm

#### **Applicable Requirements**

#### Emission Limits (lb/hr, gr/dscf, lb/MMBtu, % opacity, etc.)

The emissions from this emission point shall not exceed the levels specified below.

Pollutant: Opacity

Emission Limit(s): No Visible Emissions<sup>(1)</sup>

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

40 CFR §60.18

Pollutant: Particulate Matter

Emission Limit(s): 0.1 gr/dscf, 0.78 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

567 IAC 23.3(2)"a"

Pollutant: Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)<sup>(2)</sup>

Emission Limit(s): 500 ppm<sub>v</sub>, 3.78 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

567 IAC 23.3(3)"e"

<sup>(1)</sup> In accordance with §60.18 (40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A, General Provisions), the flare shall be designed and operated with no visible emissions except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours."

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  The hourly SO<sub>2</sub> emission limit is based on the maximum gas flow rate and the hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) limit of the gas burned and assumes 100% of the H<sub>2</sub>S converts to SO<sub>2</sub>.

Pollutant: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) Emission Limit(s): 3.2 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

Pollutant: Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emission Limit(s): 14.4 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

#### Operational Requirements with Associated Monitoring and Recordkeeping

All records as required by this permit shall be available on-site for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be available for inspection by the Department. Records shall be legible and maintained in an orderly manner. The operating requirements and associated recordkeeping for this permit shall be:

- A. The Renewable Natural Gas facility (EU-01) is to be located at the Scott County Landfill (Facility ID 82-01-121) and will be treating and processing gas from the landfill. The Renewable Natural Gas facility meets the definition of a *treatment system* from §60.761: "a system that filters, de-waters, and compresses landfill gas for sale or beneficial use."
- B. The Renewable Natural Gas facility (EU-01) shall only treat or process landfill gas from the Scott County Landfill (Facility ID 82-01-121). Prior to treating or processing other types of gases or gases from other sources, the owner or operator shall apply for and obtain an amendment to this air construction permit.
- C. The owner or operator shall operate and maintain the RNG facility according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. Alternatively, the facility may develop its own maintenance plan for the RNG facility (EU-01), which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the facility in a manner consistent with good air pollution practice for minimizing emissions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall keep records on the maintenance conducted on the RNG facility (EU-01) in order to demonstrate that the facility was maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related instructions or in accordance with the facility's maintenance plan for the facility.
- D. As part of the RNG facility (EU-01), the facility shall operate a carbon adsorption system to remove sulfur compounds from the treated landfill gas. The carbon adsorption system shall be operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall keep records on the maintenance conducted on the carbon adsorption system in order to demonstrate that the system was maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related instructions.
  - (2) The owner or operator shall keep records on the date when it changed or replaced the carbon filters.
- E. The owner or operator shall vent all air contaminant emissions from the RNG facility (EU-01) to either the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) or the Open Flare (CE-01) at all times that the RNG facility is receiving, treating, or processing landfill gas.
- F. The owner or operator shall not vent the processed or treated gas that comes from the RNG plant to the ambient air without first applying for and obtaining an amendment to this air construction permit.

- G. The Open Flare (CE-01) can be used to burn treated landfill gas or untreated landfill gas. The hydrogen sulfide content of the gas that is vented to the Open Flare (CE-01) shall not exceed 300 ppm<sub>v</sub>. This limit applies at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunctions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall obtain periodic samples of the gas that is vented to the Open Flare (CE-01) and shall perform an analysis for the hydrogen sulfide content of the gas. The first measurement shall be made no later than 180 days after the start of operation of the RNG plant. Thereafter, the sampling and analysis for hydrogen sulfide are required to be completed every calendar quarter. For each gas sample taken, the owner or operator shall record the following information: date the sample was collected, the name of the laboratory that performed the analysis, the method used to analyze the gas and the hydrogen sulfide concentration in parts per million by volume.
  - (2) The owner or operator shall submit written reports to the Iowa DNR, Air Quality Bureau on any measurement of gas vented to the Open Flare (CE-01) that shows a hydrogen sulfide concentration greater than 300 ppm<sub>v</sub>. This report shall be submitted no later than 30 days after the exceedance is determined.
- H. The Open Flare (CE-01) is limited to operating a maximum of 876 hours in any rolling 12-month period.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall maintain the following monthly records:
    - a. The number of hours that the Open Flare (CE-01) operated; and b. The rolling 12-month total amount of the number of hours that the Open Flare (CE-01) operated.
- I. The Open Flare (CE-01) shall be equipped with a natural gas or LPG pilot ignition system for the combustion of treated or untreated landfill gas.
  - (1) The flare shall be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the instructions of its manufacturer.
  - (2) The pilot ignition system shall be capable of operating at all times.
  - (3) The presence of the flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple of any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame. The owner or operator shall:
    - a. Properly maintain equipment used to continuously monitor the pilot flame; b.Record when the monitoring equipment is down for service or is malfunctioning. The recordkeeping shall include:
      - i. The length of time the monitoring equipment was malfunctioning or down for service; and
      - ii. The problem(s) with the monitoring equipment.
    - c. Use visual observations to verify the presence of a pilot flame if the monitoring equipment is malfunctioning or down for service. The owner or operator shall keep a record of the visual observations, and the records shall at a minimum contain the following information:
      - i. The date and time the visual observation began;
      - ii. The reason for the visual observations:
      - iii. The frequency of the visual observations; and
      - iv. The date and time the visual observations ended.
    - d.Record any periods of time during which there was no pilot flame.

- J. The Open Flare (CE-FLR001) shall be designed and operated in accordance with the parameters established in 40 CFR 60.18, *General Control Device and Work Practice Requirements*.
  - (1) The flare shall be designed and operated with no visible emissions except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours.
  - (2) The flare shall be operated with a flame present at all times.
  - (3) The Open Flare (CE-01) is a non-air-assisted flare. In accordance with \$60.18(c)(3), the owner or operator has option of meeting the heat content specifications in \$60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in \$60.18(c)(4) or meeting the requirements of \$60.18(c)(3)(i).
- K. The owner or operator shall develop an operating and maintenance plan for the Open Flare (CE-01), including a preventative maintenance schedule that is consistent with the manufacturer's instructions for routine and long-term maintenance.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall maintain a record of all inspections and maintenance and any actions resulting from the inspection and maintenance of the Open Flare (CE-01).

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

#### **NSPS & NESHAP Applicability**

The facility is subject to NSPS Subpart XXX – Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills That Commenced Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification After July 17, 2014.

This emission unit and control equipment will be treating landfill gas that comes from a landfill (i.e. Scott County Landfill, facility ID 82-01-121) that is of the source category affected by the following federal regulation: Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills That Commenced Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification After July 17, 2014 [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart XXX]. U.S. EPA has determined that the Renewable Natural Gas facility is subject to Subpart XXX.

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart XXX

This emission unit and control equipment will be treating landfill gas that comes from a landfill (i.e. Scott County Landfill, facility ID 82-01-121) that is of the source category for 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart AAAA (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills; 40 CFR §63.1930-§63.1990).

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart AAAA

#### **Stack Characteristics**

The emission point shall conform to the specifications listed below.

Stack Height, (ft, from the ground): 30

Stack Opening, (inches, dia.): 8 Exhaust Flow Rate (scfm): 1,350 Exhaust Temperature (°F): 1,400 Discharge Style: Vertical, unobstructed

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

The temperature and flowrate are intended to be representative and characteristic of the design of the permitted emission point. The Department recognizes that the temperature and flow rate may vary with changes in the process and ambient conditions. If it is determined that any of the emission point characteristics above are different than the values stated, the owner or operator shall submit a request either by electronic mail or written correspondence to the Department within thirty (30) days of the discovery to determine if a permit amendment is required, or submit a permit application requesting to amend the permit.

#### **Monitoring Requirements**

The owner/operator of this equipment shall comply with the monitoring requirements listed below.

Stack	<b>Testing:</b>
Duncis	I COULTE.

Pollutant - Opacity

Stack Test to be Completed by (date) - 1

Test Method - 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 22

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

Pollutant – Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)

Stack Test to be Completed by (date) - 1

Test Method - <sup>2</sup>

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

Pollutant – Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Stack Test to be Completed by (date) - 1

Test Method - 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 3C, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D as appropriate

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-123

Agency Approved Operation & Maintenance Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂
Facility Maintained Operation & Maintenance Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂
Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂

Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 24.108(3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate but not later than 180 days after the initial startup date of the proposed equipment for the addition of new equipment or the physical modification of existing equipment or control equipment.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Compliance with the hourly SO<sub>2</sub> limit shall be determined by complying with the H2S limit of 300 ppmv for the gas processed by the RNG facility. Testing shall be done in accordance with Condition 5.G. of the construction permit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> No test is required for VOC emissions. However, the actual exit velocity of the flare and the net heating value of the gas being combusted shall be determined. The actual exit velocity of the flare shall be determined in accordance with §60.18(f)(4); the net heating value of the gas being combusted shall be determined in accordance with §60.764(e) and §60.18(f)(3).

#### **Emission Point ID Number: EP-02**

#### **Associated Equipment**

Associated Emission Unit ID Numbers: EU-01 Emissions Control Equipment ID Number: CE-02

Emissions Control Equipment Description: Thermal Oxidizer\*

Continuous Emissions Monitors ID Numbers: N/A

\*At the time of permit issuance, construction has not yet been completed on EP-02 and Thermal Oxidizer CE-02.

Emission Unit ID Number: EU-02

Emission Unit Description: Oxidation Unit

Raw Material: Landfill Gas Rated Capacity: 1,288.5 scfm

#### **Applicable Requirements**

#### Emission Limits (lb/hr, gr/dscf, lb/MMBtu, % opacity, etc.)

The emissions from this emission point shall not exceed the levels specified below.

Pollutant: Opacity

Emission Limit(s): 40 %<sup>(1)</sup>

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

567 IAC 23.3(2)"d"

(1) An exceedance of the indicator opacity of "No Visible Emissions" will require the owner/operator to promptly investigate the emission unit and make corrections to operations or equipment associated with the exceedance. If exceedances continue after the corrections, the DNR may require additional proof to demonstrate compliance (e.g., stack testing).

Pollutant: Particulate Matter

Emission Limit(s): 0.1 gr/dscf, 0.13 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

567 IAC 23.3(2)"a"

Pollutant: Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)<sup>(2)</sup>

Emission Limit(s): 500 ppm<sub>v</sub>, 2.01 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

567 IAC 23.3(3)"e"

 $^{(2)}$  The hourly SO<sub>2</sub> emission limit is based on the maximum gas flow rate and the hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) limit of the gas burned and assumes 100% of the H<sub>2</sub>S converts to SO<sub>2</sub>.

Pollutant: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Emission Limit: 1.2 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

Pollutant: Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emission Limit(s): 2.2 lb/hr

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

#### Operating Requirements with Associated Monitoring and Recordkeeping

All records as required by this permit shall be available on-site for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be available for inspection by the Department. Records shall be legible and maintained in an orderly manner. The operating requirements and associated recordkeeping for this permit shall be:

- A. The Renewable Natural Gas facility (EU-01) is to be located at the Scott County Landfill (Facility ID 82-01-121) and will be treating and processing gas from the landfill. The Renewable Natural Gas facility meets the definition of *treatment system* from §60.761: "a system that filters, de-waters, and compresses landfill gas for sale or beneficial use."
- B. The Renewable Natural Gas facility (EU-01) shall only treat or process landfill gas from the Scott County Landfill (Facility ID 82-01-121). Prior to treating or processing other types of gases or gases from other sources, the owner or operator shall apply for and obtain an amendment to this air construction permit.
- C. The owner or operator shall operate and maintain the RNG facility according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. Alternatively, the facility may develop its own maintenance plan for the RNG facility (EU-01), which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the facility in a manner consistent with good air pollution practice for minimizing emissions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall keep records on the maintenance conducted on the RNG facility (EU-01) in order to demonstrate that the facility was maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related instructions or in accordance with the facility's maintenance plan for the facility.
- D. As part of the RNG facility (EU-01), the facility shall operate a carbon adsorption system to remove sulfur compounds from the treated landfill gas. The carbon adsorption system shall be operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall keep records on the maintenance conducted on the carbon adsorption system in order to demonstrate that the system was maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related instructions.
  - (2) The owner or operator shall keep records on the date when it changed or replaced the carbon filters.
- E. The owner or operator shall vent all air contaminant emissions from the RNG facility (EU-01) to either the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) or the Open Flare (CE-01) at all times that the RNG facility is receiving, treating, or processing landfill gas.
- F. The owner or operator shall not vent the processed or treated gas that comes from the RNG plant to the ambient air without first applying for and obtaining an amendment to this air construction permit.
- G. The hydrogen sulfide content of the gas from the RNG facility that is vented to the Thermal Oxidize (CE-02) shall not exceed 300 ppm<sub>v</sub>. This limit applies at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunctions.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall obtain periodic samples of the gas from the RNG

facility that is vented to the Thermal Oxidizer and shall perform an analysis for the hydrogen sulfide content of the gas. The first measurement shall be made no later than 180 days after the start of operation of the RNG plant. Thereafter, the sampling and analysis for hydrogen sulfide are required to be completed every calendar quarter. For each gas sample taken, the owner or operator shall record the following information: date the sample was collected, the name of the laboratory that performed the analysis, the method used to analyze the gas and the hydrogen sulfide concentration in parts per million by volume.

- (2) The owner or operator shall submit written reports to the Iowa DNR, Air Quality Bureau on any measurement of gas vented to the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) that shows a hydrogen sulfide concentration greater than 300 ppm<sub>v</sub>. This report shall be submitted no later than 30 days after the exceedance is determined.
- H. The owner or operator shall maintain the combustion chamber temperature of the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) at no less than 1500 degrees Fahrenheit, based on a rolling 3-hour block average.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall properly operate and maintain equipment to monitor the combustion chamber temperature of the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02). The monitoring devices and any recorders shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, instructions, and operating manuals or per a written facility specific operating and maintenance plan.
  - (2) The owner or operator shall collect and record the combustion chamber temperature in the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02), in °F on a continuous basis. The temperature shall be monitored and recorded at a minimum of every 15 minutes. The owner or operator shall calculate and record the rolling 3-hour block average of the combustion chamber in °F. If the rolling 3-hour block average combustion chamber temperature of the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) falls below the value specified in Condition 5.H., the owner or operator shall investigate the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) and make corrections to it. The owner or operator shall maintain a record of all corrections taken. This requirement shall not apply on the days that the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02) is not in operation.
- I. The owner or operator shall develop an operating and maintenance plan for the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-T02), including a preventative maintenance schedule that is consistent with the manufacturer's instructions for routine and long-term maintenance.
  - (1) The owner or operator shall maintain a record of all inspections and maintenance and any actions resulting from the inspection and maintenance of the Thermal Oxidizer (CE-02).

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

#### **NESHAP & NSPS Applicability**

The facility is subject to NSPS Subpart XXX – Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills That Commenced Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification After July 17, 2014.

This emission unit and control equipment will be treating landfill gas that comes from a landfill (i.e. Scott County Landfill, facility ID 82-01-121) that is of the source category affected by the following federal regulation: Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills That Commenced Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification After July 17, 2014 [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart XXX]. U.S. EPA has determined that the Renewable Natural Gas facility is subject to Subpart XXX.

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart XXX

This emission unit and control equipment will be treating landfill gas that comes from a landfill (i.e. Scott County Landfill, facility ID 82-01-121) that is of the source category for 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart AAAA (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills; 40 CFR §63.1930-§63.1990).

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart AAAA

#### **Emission Point Characteristics**

The emission point shall conform to the specifications listed below.

Stack Height, (ft, from the ground): 45

Stack Opening, (inches, dia.): 60 Exhaust Flow Rate (scfm): 2,074 Exhaust Temperature (°F): 1,600

Discharge Style: Vertical, unobstructed

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

The temperature and flowrate are intended to be representative and characteristic of the design of the permitted emission point. The Department recognizes that the temperature and flow rate may vary with changes in the process and ambient conditions. If it is determined that any of the emission point characteristics above are different than the values stated, the owner or operator shall submit a request either by electronic mail or written correspondence to the Department within thirty (30) days of the discovery to determine if a permit amendment is required, or submit a permit application requesting to amend the permit.

#### **Monitoring Requirements**

The owner/operator of this equipment shall comply with the monitoring requirements listed below.

#### **Stack Testing:**

Pollutant – Sulfur Dioxide ( $SO_2$ ) Stack Test to be Completed by (date) -  $^1$ Test Method -  $^2$ 

Authority for Requirement: DNR Construction Permit 24-A-124

Agency Approved Operation & Maintenance Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂
Facility Maintained Operation & Maintenance Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂
Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Plan Required?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂

Authority for Requirement: 567 IAC 24.108(3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate but not later than 180 days after the initial startup date of the proposed equipment for the addition of new equipment or the physical modification of existing equipment or control equipment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Compliance with the hourly SO2 limit shall be determined by complying with the H2S limit of 300 ppmv for the gas processed by the RNG facility. Testing shall be done in accordance with Condition 5.G. of the construction permit.

#### IV. General Conditions

This permit is issued under the authority of the Iowa Code subsection 455B.133(8) and in accordance with 567 Iowa Administrative Code (IAC). When 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024, and cited in this permit becomes State Implementation Plan (SIP) approved, it will supersede 567 IAC as amended February 8, 2023. Prior to May 15, 2024, all Title V rule citations in this Title V permit were found and cited in 567 IAC Chapter 22. During the period from May 15, 2024, to the date that 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024, is approved into the SIP, both 567 IAC as amended May 15, 2024, and 567 IAC as amended February 8, 2023 form the legal basis for the applicable requirements included in this permit. A crosswalk showing the citation changes is attached to this permit in Appendix B.

#### G1. Duty to Comply

- 1. The permittee must comply with all conditions of the Title V permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for a permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. 567 IAC 24.108(9)"a"
- 2. Any compliance schedule shall be supplemental to, and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based. 567 IAC 24.105(2)"h"(3)
- 3. Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than an applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be enforceable by the administrator and are incorporated into this permit. 567 IAC 24.108(1)"b"
- 4. Unless specified as either "state enforceable only" or "local program enforceable only", all terms and conditions in the permit, including provisions to limit a source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the administrator and citizens under the Act. 567 IAC 24.108(14)
- 5. It shall not be a defense for a permittee, in an enforcement action, that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. 567 IAC 24.108(9)"b"
- 6. For applicable requirements with which the permittee is in compliance, the permittee shall continue to comply with such requirements. For applicable requirements that will become effective during the permit term, the permittee shall meet such requirements on a timely basis. 567 IAC 24.108(15)"c"

#### **G2. Permit Expiration**

- 1. Except as provided in rule 567—24.104(455B), permit expiration terminates a source's right to operate unless a timely and complete application for renewal has been submitted in accordance with rule 567—24.105(455B). 567 IAC 24.116(2)
- 2. To be considered timely, the owner, operator, or designated representative (where applicable) of each source required to obtain a Title V permit shall submit on forms or electronic format specified by the Department. Additional copies to local programs or EPA are not required for application materials submitted through the electronic format specified by the Department. The application must include all emission points, emission units, air pollution control equipment, and monitoring devices at the facility. All emissions generating activities, including fugitive emissions, must be included. The definition of a complete application is as indicated in 567 IAC 24.105(2). 567 IAC 24.105

#### **G3.** Certification Requirement for Title V Related Documents

Any application, report, compliance certification or other document submitted pursuant to this permit shall contain certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. All certifications shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable

inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. 567 IAC 24.107(4)

#### **G4.** Annual Compliance Certification

By March 31 of each year, the permittee shall submit compliance certifications for the previous calendar year. The certifications shall include descriptions of means to monitor the compliance status of all emissions sources including emissions limitations, standards, and work practices in accordance with applicable requirements. The certification for a source shall include the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification; the compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period consistent with all applicable department rules. For sources determined not to be in compliance at the time of compliance certification, a compliance schedule shall be submitted which provides for periodic progress reports, dates for achieving activities, milestones, and an explanation of why any dates were missed and preventive or corrective measures. The compliance certification shall be submitted to the administrator, director, and the appropriate DNR Field office. 567 IAC 24.108(15)"e"

#### **G5. Semi-Annual Monitoring Report**

By March 31 and September 30 of each year, the permittee shall submit a report of any monitoring required under this permit for the 6 month periods of July 1 to December 31 and January 1 to June 30, respectively. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in these reports, and the report must be signed by a responsible official, consistent with 567 IAC 24.107(4). The semi-annual monitoring report shall be submitted to the director and the appropriate DNR Field office. 567 IAC 24.108 (5)

#### **G6.** Annual Fee

- 1. The permittee is required under subrule 567 IAC 24.106 to pay an annual fee based on the total tons of actual emissions of each regulated air pollutant. Beginning July 1, 1996, Title V operating permit fees will be paid on July 1 of each year. The fee shall be based on emissions for the previous calendar year.
- 2. The fee amount shall be calculated based on the first 4,000 tons of each regulated air pollutant emitted each year. The fee to be charged per ton of pollutant will be available from the department by June 1 of each year. The Responsible Official will be advised of any change in the annual fee per ton of pollutant.
- 3. The emissions inventory shall be submitted annually by March 31 with forms specified by the department documenting actual emissions for the previous calendar year.
- 4. The fee shall be submitted annually by July 1 with forms specified by the department.
- 5. If there are any changes to the emission calculation form, the department shall make revised forms available to the public by January 1. If revised forms are not available by January 1, forms from the previous year may be used and the year of emissions documented changed. The department shall calculate the total statewide Title V emissions for the prior calendar year and make this information available to the public no later than April 30 of each year.
- 6. Phase I acid rain affected units under section 404 of the Act shall not be required to pay a fee for emissions which occur during the years 1993 through 1999 inclusive.
- 7. The fee for a portable emissions unit or stationary source which operates both in Iowa and out of state shall be calculated only for emissions from the source while operating in Iowa.
- 8. Failure to pay the appropriate Title V fee represents cause for revocation of the Title V permit as indicated in 567 IAC 24.115(1)"d".

#### G7. Inspection of Premises, Records, Equipment, Methods and Discharges

Upon presentation of proper credentials and any other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the director or the director's authorized representative to:

- 1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- 2. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- 3. Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
- 4. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the permit or other applicable requirements. 567 IAC 24.108 (15)"b"

#### **G8. Duty to Provide Information**

The permittee shall furnish to the director, within a reasonable time, any information that the director may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee also shall furnish to the director copies of records required to be kept by the permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records directly to the administrator of EPA along with a claim of confidentiality. 567 IAC 24.108 (9)"e"

#### **G9.** General Maintenance and Repair Duties

The owner or operator of any air emission source or control equipment shall:

- 1. Maintain and operate the equipment or control equipment at all times in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions.
- 2. Remedy any cause of excess emissions in an expeditious manner.
- 3. Minimize the amount and duration of any excess emission to the maximum extent possible during periods of such emissions. These measures may include but not be limited to the use of clean fuels, production cutbacks, or the use of alternate process units or, in the case of utilities, purchase of electrical power until repairs are completed.
- 4. Schedule, at a minimum, routine maintenance of equipment or control equipment during periods of process shutdowns to the maximum extent possible. 567 IAC 21.8(1)

#### G10. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance Monitoring

- 1. In addition to any source specific recordkeeping requirements contained in this permit, the permittee shall maintain the following compliance monitoring records, where applicable:
  - a. The date, place and time of sampling or measurements
  - b. The date the analyses were performed.
  - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses.
  - d. The analytical techniques or methods used.
  - e. The results of such analyses; and
  - f. The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
  - g. The records of quality assurance for continuous compliance monitoring systems (including but not limited to quality control activities, audits and calibration drifts.)
- 2. The permittee shall retain records of all required compliance monitoring data and support information for a period of at least 5 years from the date of compliance monitoring sample, measurement report or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous compliance monitoring, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

- 3. For any source which in its application identified reasonably anticipated alternative operating scenarios, the permittee shall:
  - a. Comply with all terms and conditions of this permit specific to each alternative scenario.
  - b. Maintain a log at the permitted facility of the scenario under which it is operating.
  - c. Consider the permit shield, if provided in this permit, to extend to all terms and conditions under each operating scenario. 567 IAC 24.108(4), 567 IAC 24.108(12)

#### G11. Evidence used in establishing that a violation has or is occurring.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of these rules, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any provisions herein.

1. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred at a source:

- a. A monitoring method approved for the source and incorporated in an operating permit pursuant to 567 Chapter 24;
- b. Compliance test methods specified in 567 Chapter 21; or
- c. Testing or monitoring methods approved for the source in a construction permit issued pursuant to 567 Chapter 22.
- 2. The following testing, monitoring or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods:
  - a. Any monitoring or testing methods provided in these rules; or
  - b. Other testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods that produce information comparable to that produced by any method in subrule 21.5(1) or this subrule. 567 IAC 21.5(1)-567 IAC 21.5(2)

## G12. Prevention of Accidental Release: Risk Management Plan Notification and Compliance Certification

If the permittee is required to develop and register a risk management plan pursuant to section 112(r) of the Act, the permittee shall notify the department of this requirement. The plan shall be filed with all appropriate authorities by the deadline specified by EPA. A certification that this risk management plan is being properly implemented shall be included in the annual compliance certification of this permit. 567 IAC 24.108(6)

#### G13. Hazardous Release

The permittee must report any situation involving the actual, imminent, or probable release of a hazardous substance into the atmosphere which, because of the quantity, strength and toxicity of the substance, creates an immediate or potential danger to the public health, safety or to the environment. A verbal report shall be made to the department at (515) 725-8694 and to the local police department or the office of the sheriff of the affected county as soon as possible but not later than six hours after the discovery or onset of the condition. This verbal report must be followed up with a written report as indicated in 567 IAC 131.2(2). 567 IAC Chapter 131-State Only

#### G14. Excess Emissions and Excess Emissions Reporting Requirements

1. Excess Emissions. Excess emission during a period of startup, shutdown, or cleaning of control equipment is not a violation of the emission standard if the startup, shutdown or cleaning is accomplished expeditiously and in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions. Cleaning of control equipment which does not require the shutdown of the process equipment shall be limited to one six-minute period per one-hour period. An incident of excess emission (other than an incident during startup, shutdown or cleaning of control equipment) is a

violation. If the owner or operator of a source maintains that the incident of excess emission was due to a malfunction, the owner or operator must show that the conditions which caused the incident of excess emission were not preventable by reasonable maintenance and control measures. Determination of any subsequent enforcement action will be made following review of this report. If excess emissions are occurring, either the control equipment causing the excess emission shall be repaired in an expeditious manner or the process generating the emissions shall be shutdown within a reasonable period of time. An expeditious manner is the time necessary to determine the cause of the excess emissions and to correct it within a reasonable period of time. A reasonable period of time is eight hours plus the period of time required to shut down the process without damaging the process equipment or control equipment. A variance from this subrule may be available as provided for in Iowa Code section 455B.143. In the case of an electric utility, a reasonable period of time is eight hours plus the period of time until comparable generating capacity is available to meet consumer demand with the affected unit out of service, unless, the director shall, upon investigation, reasonably determine that continued operation constitutes an unjustifiable environmental hazard and issue an order that such operation is not in the public interest and require a process shutdown to commence immediately.

#### 2. Excess Emissions Reporting

- a. Initial Reporting of Excess Emissions. An incident of excess emission (other than an incident of excess emission during a period of startup, shutdown, or cleaning) shall be reported to the appropriate field office of the department within eight hours of, or at the start of the first working day following the onset of the incident. The reporting exemption for an incident of excess emission during startup, shutdown or cleaning does not relieve the owner or operator of a source with continuous monitoring equipment of the obligation of submitting reports required in 567-subrule 21.10(6). An initial report of excess emission is not required for a source with operational continuous monitoring equipment (as specified in 567-subrule 21.10(1)) if the incident of excess emission continues for less than 30 minutes and does not exceed the applicable emission standard by more than 10 percent or the applicable visible emission standard by more than 10 percent opacity. The initial report may be made by electronic mail (E-mail), in person, or by telephone and shall include as a minimum the following:
  - i. The identity of the equipment or source operation from which the excess emission originated and the associated stack or emission point.
  - ii. The estimated quantity of the excess emission.
  - iii. The time and expected duration of the excess emission.
  - iv. The cause of the excess emission.
  - v. The steps being taken to remedy the excess emission.
  - vi. The steps being taken to limit the excess emission in the interim period.
- b. Written Reporting of Excess Emissions. A written report of an incident of excess emission shall be submitted as a follow-up to all required initial reports to the department within seven days of the onset of the upset condition, and shall include as a minimum the following:
  - i. The identity of the equipment or source operation point from which the excess emission originated and the associated stack or emission point.
  - ii. The estimated quantity of the excess emission.
  - iii. The time and duration of the excess emission.
  - iv. The cause of the excess emission.

- v. The steps that were taken to remedy and to prevent the recurrence of the incident of excess emission.
- vi. The steps that were taken to limit the excess emission.
- vii. If the owner claims that the excess emission was due to malfunction, documentation to support this claim. 567 IAC 21.7(1)-567 IAC 21.7(4)

#### **G15. Permit Deviation Reporting Requirements**

A deviation is any failure to meet a term, condition or applicable requirement in the permit. Reporting requirements for deviations that result in a hazardous release or excess emissions have been indicated above (see G13 and G14). Unless more frequent deviation reporting is specified in the permit, any other deviation shall be documented in the semi-annual monitoring report and the annual compliance certification (see G4 and G5). 567 IAC 24.108(5)"b"

## **G16.** Notification Requirements for Sources That Become Subject to NSPS and NESHAP Regulations

During the term of this permit, the permittee must notify the department of any source that becomes subject to a standard or other requirement under 567-subrule 23.1(2) (standards of performance of new stationary sources) or section 111 of the Act; or 567-subrule 23.1(3) (emissions standards for hazardous air pollutants), 567-subrule 23.1(4) (emission standards for hazardous air pollutants for source categories) or section 112 of the Act. This notification shall be submitted in writing to the department pursuant to the notification requirements in 40 CFR Section 60.7, 40 CFR Section 61.07, and/or 40 CFR Section 63.9. 567 IAC 23.1(2), 567 IAC 23.1(4)

## G17. Requirements for Making Changes to Emission Sources That Do Not Require Title V Permit Modification

- 1. Off Permit Changes to a Source. Pursuant to section 502(b)(10) of the CAAA, the permittee may make changes to this installation/facility without revising this permit if:
  - a. The changes are not major modifications under any provision of any program required by section 110 of the Act, modifications under section 111 of the act, modifications under section 112 of the act, or major modifications as defined in 567 IAC Chapter 24.
  - b. The changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under the permit (whether expressed therein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions);
  - c. The changes are not modifications under any provisions of Title I of the Act and the changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under the permit (whether expressed therein as a rate of emissions or as total emissions);
  - d. The changes are not subject to any requirement under Title IV of the Act (revisions affecting Title IV permitting are addressed in rules 567—24.140(455B) through 567 24.144(455B));
  - e. The changes comply with all applicable requirements.
  - f. For each such change, the permitted source provides to the department and the administrator by certified mail, at least 30 days in advance of the proposed change, a written notification, including the following, which must be attached to the permit by the source, the department and the administrator:
    - i. A brief description of the change within the permitted facility,
    - ii. The date on which the change will occur,
    - iii. Any change in emission as a result of that change,
    - iv. The pollutants emitted subject to the emissions trade
    - v. If the emissions trading provisions of the state implementation plan are

invoked, then Title V permit requirements with which the source shall comply; a description of how the emissions increases and decreases will comply with the terms and conditions of the Title V permit.

- vi. A description of the trading of emissions increases and decreases for the purpose of complying with a federally enforceable emissions cap as specified in and in compliance with the Title V permit; and
- vii. Any permit term or condition no longer applicable as a result of the change. 567 IAC 24.110(1)
- 2. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene federally enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), record keeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements. 567 IAC 24.110(2)
- 3. Notwithstanding any other part of this rule, the director may, upon review of a notice, require a stationary source to apply for a Title V permit if the change does not meet the requirements of subrule 24.110(1). 567 IAC 24.110(3)
- 4. The permit shield provided in subrule 24.108(18) shall not apply to any change made pursuant to this rule. Compliance with the permit requirements that the source will meet using the emissions trade shall be determined according to requirements of the state implementation plan authorizing the emissions trade. 567 IAC 24.110(4)
- 5. No permit revision shall be required, under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes, for changes that are provided for in this permit. 567 IAC 24.108(11)

#### G18. Duty to Modify a Title V Permit

- 1. Administrative Amendment.
  - a. An administrative permit amendment is a permit revision that does any of the following:
    - i. Correct typographical errors
    - ii. Identify a change in the name, address, or telephone number of any person identified in the permit, or provides a similar minor administrative change at the source;
    - iii. Require more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee; or iv. Allow for a change in ownership or operational control of a source where the director determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and new permittee has been submitted to the director.
  - b. The permittee may implement the changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. The request shall be submitted to the director.
  - c. Administrative amendments to portions of permits containing provisions pursuant to Title IV of the Act shall be governed by regulations promulgated by the administrator under Title IV of the Act.
- 2. Minor Title V Permit Modification.
  - a. Minor Title V permit modification procedures may be used only for those permit modifications that satisfy all of the following:

- i. Do not violate any applicable requirement;
- ii. Do not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting or recordkeeping requirements in the Title V permit;
- iii. Do not require or change a case by case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or an increment analysis;
- iv. Do not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement and that the source has assumed in order to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject. Such terms and conditions include any federally enforceable emissions caps which the source would assume to avoid classification as a modification under any provision under Title I of the Act; and an alternative emissions limit approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under section 112(i)(5) of the Act;
- v. Are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act; and vi. Are not required to be processed as significant modification under rule 567 24.113(455B).
- b. An application for minor permit revision shall be on the minor Title V modification application form and shall include at least the following:
  - i. A description of the change, the emissions resulting from the change, and any new applicable requirements that will apply if the change occurs;
  - ii. The permittee's suggested draft permit;
  - iii. Certification by a responsible official, pursuant to 567 IAC 24.107(4), that the proposed modification meets the criteria for use of minor permit modification procedures and a request that such procedures be used; and
  - iv. Completed forms to enable the department to notify the administrator and the affected states as required by 567 IAC 24.107(7).
- c. The permittee may make the change proposed in its minor permit modification application immediately after it files the application. After the permittee makes this change and until the director takes any of the actions specified in 567 IAC 24.112(4) "a" to "c", the permittee must comply with both the applicable requirements governing the change and the proposed permit terms and conditions. During this time, the permittee need not comply with the existing permit terms and conditions it seeks to modify. However, if the permittee fails to comply with its proposed permit terms and conditions during this time period, the existing permit terms and conditions it seeks to modify may be enforced against the facility.
- 3. Significant Title V Permit Modification.

Significant Title V modification procedures shall be used for applications requesting Title V permit modifications that do not qualify as minor Title V modifications or as administrative amendments. These include but are not limited to all significant changes in monitoring permit terms, every relaxation of reporting or recordkeeping permit terms, and any change in the method of measuring compliance with existing requirements. Significant Title V modifications shall meet all requirements of 567 IAC Chapter 24, including those for applications, public participation, review by affected states, and review by the administrator, as those requirements that apply to Title V issuance and renewal.

The permittee shall submit an application for a significant permit modification not later than three months after commencing operation of the changed source unless the existing Title V

permit would prohibit such construction or change in operation, in which event the operation of the changed source may not commence until the department revises the permit. 567 IAC 24.111-567 IAC 24.113

#### **G19. Duty to Obtain Construction Permits**

Unless exempted in 567 IAC 22.1(2) or to meet the parameters established in 567 IAC 22.1(1)"c", the permittee shall not construct, install, reconstruct or alter any equipment, control equipment or anaerobic lagoon without first obtaining a construction permit, or conditional permit, or permit pursuant to rule 567 IAC 22.8, or permits required pursuant to rules 567 IAC 22.4, 567 IAC 22.5, 567 IAC 31.3, and 567 IAC 33.3 as required in 567 IAC 22.1(1). A permit shall be obtained prior to the initiation of construction, installation or alteration of any portion of the stationary source or anaerobic lagoon. 567 IAC 22.1(1)

#### G20. Asbestos

The permittee shall comply with 567 IAC 23.1(3)"a", and 567 IAC 23.2(3)"g" when activities involve asbestos mills, surfacing of roadways, manufacturing operations, fabricating, insulating, waste disposal, spraying applications, demolition and renovation operations (567 IAC 23.1(3)"a"); training fires and controlled burning of a demolished building (567 IAC 23.2).

#### **G21.** Open Burning

The permittee is prohibited from conducting open burning, except as provided in 567 IAC 23.2. 567 IAC 23.2 <u>except</u> 23.2(3)"j"; 567 IAC 23.2(3)"j" - State Only

#### G22. Acid Rain (Title IV) Emissions Allowances

The permittee shall not exceed any allowances that it holds under Title IV of the Act or the regulations promulgated there under. Annual emissions of sulfur dioxide in excess of the number of allowances to emit sulfur dioxide held by the owners and operators of the unit or the designated representative of the owners and operators is prohibited. Exceedences of applicable emission rates are prohibited. "Held" in this context refers to both those allowances assigned to the owners and operators by USEPA, and those allowances supplementally acquired by the owners and operators. The use of any allowance prior to the year for which it was allocated is prohibited. Contravention of any other provision of the permit is prohibited. 567 IAC 24.108(7)

#### **G23.** Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection (Title VI) Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall comply with the standards for labeling of products using ozone-depleting substances pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart E:
  - a. All containers in which a class I or class II substance is stored or transported, all products containing a class I substance, and all products directly manufactured with a class I substance must bear the required warning statement if it is being introduced into interstate commerce pursuant to § 82.106.
  - b. The placement of the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to § 82.108.
  - c. The form of the label bearing the required warning statement must comply with the requirements pursuant to § 82.110.
  - d. No person may modify, remove, or interfere with the required warning statement except as described in § 82.112.
- 2. The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for MVACs in Subpart B:
  - a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to § 82.156.
  - b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must

- comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to § 82.158.
- c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to § 82.161.
- d. Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with reporting and recordkeeping requirements pursuant to § 82.166. ("MVAC-like appliance" as defined at § 82.152)
- e. Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to § 82.156.
- f. Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to § 82.166.
- 3. If the permittee manufactures, transforms, imports, or exports a class I or class II substance, the permittee is subject to all the requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 82, Subpart A, Production and Consumption Controls.
- 4. If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all the applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR part 82, Subpart B, Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners. The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant,
- 5. The permittee shall be allowed to switch from any ozone-depleting or greenhouse gas generating substances to any alternative that is listed in the Significant New Alternatives Program (SNAP) promulgated pursuant to 40 CFR part 82, Subpart G, Significant New Alternatives Policy Program. 40 CFR part 82

#### **G24. Permit Reopenings**

- 1. This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened, and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. 567 IAC 24.108(9)"c"
- 2. Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a major part 70 source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Revisions shall be made as expeditiously as practicable, but not later than 18 months after the promulgation of such standards and regulations.
  - a. Reopening and revision on this ground is <u>not</u> required if the permit has a remaining term of less than three years;
  - b. Reopening and revision on this ground is <u>not</u> required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions have been extended pursuant to 40 CFR 70.4(b)(10)(i) or (ii) as amended to May 15, 2001.
  - c. Reopening and revision on this ground is <u>not</u> required if the additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the source and the source receives approval for coverage under that general permit. 567 IAC 24.108(17)"a", 567 IAC 24.108(17)"b"
- 3. A permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

- a. The department receives notice that the administrator has granted a petition for disapproval of a permit pursuant to 40 CFR 70.8(d) as amended to July 21, 1992, provided that the reopening may be stayed pending judicial review of that determination; b. The department or the administrator determines that the Title V permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the Title V permit;
- c. Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a Title V source, provided that the reopening on this ground is not required if the permit has a remaining term of less than three years, the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, or the additional applicable requirements are implemented in a general permit that is applicable to the source and the source receives approval for coverage under that general permit. Such a reopening shall be complete not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement.
- d. Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to a Title IV affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
- e. The department or the administrator determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to ensure compliance by the source with the applicable requirements. 567 IAC 24.114
- 4. Proceedings to reopen and reissue a Title V permit shall follow the procedures applicable to initial permit issuance and shall effect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. 567 IAC 24.114
- 5. A notice of intent shall be provided to the Title V source at least 30 days in advance of the date the permit is to be reopened, except that the director may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency. 567 IAC 24.114

#### **G25. Permit Shield**

- 1. The director may expressly include in a Title V permit a provision stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that:
  - a. Such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit; or
  - b. The director, in acting on the permit application or revision, determines in writing that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source, and the permit includes the determination or a concise summary thereof.
- 2. A Title V permit that does not expressly state that a permit shield exists shall be presumed not to provide such a shield.
- 3. A permit shield shall not alter or affect the following:
  - a. The provisions of Section 303 of the Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the administrator under that section;
  - b. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
  - c. The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Act:
  - d. The ability of the department or the administrator to obtain information from the facility pursuant to Section 114 of the Act. 567 IAC 24.108 (18)

#### **G26.** Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and if any provision or application of any provision is found to be invalid by this department or a court of law, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected by such finding. 567 IAC 24.108 (8)

#### **G27. Property Rights**

The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. 567 IAC 24.108 (9)"d"

#### G28. Transferability

This permit is not transferable from one source to another. If title to the facility or any part of it is transferred, an administrative amendment to the permit must be sought consistent with the requirements of 567 IAC 24.111(1). 567 IAC 24.111(1)"d"

#### G29. Disclaimer

No review has been undertaken on the engineering aspects of the equipment or control equipment other than the potential of that equipment for reducing air contaminant emissions. 567 IAC 22.3(3)"c"

#### G30. Notification and Reporting Requirements for Stack Tests or Monitor Certification

The permittee shall notify the department's stack test contact in writing not less than 30 days before a required test or performance evaluation of a continuous emission monitor is performed to determine compliance with applicable requirements of 567 – Chapter 23 or a permit condition. Such notice shall include the time, the place, the name of the person who will conduct the test and other information as required by the department. If the owner or operator does not provide timely notice to the department, the department shall not consider the test results or performance evaluation results to be a valid demonstration of compliance with applicable rules or permit conditions. Upon written request, the department may allow a notification period of less than 30 days. At the department's request, a pretest meeting shall be held not later than 15 days prior to conducting the compliance demonstration. A testing protocol shall be submitted to the department no later than 15 days before the owner or operator conducts the compliance demonstration. A representative of the department shall be permitted to witness the tests. Results of the tests shall be submitted in writing to the department's stack test contact in the form of a comprehensive report within six weeks (42 days) of the completion of the testing. Compliance tests conducted pursuant to this permit shall be conducted with the source operating in a normal manner at its maximum continuous output as rated by the equipment manufacturer, or the rate specified by the owner as the maximum production rate at which the source shall be operated. In cases where compliance is to be demonstrated at less than the maximum continuous output as rated by the equipment manufacturer, and it is the owner's intent to limit the capacity to that rating, the owner may submit evidence to the department that the source has been physically altered so that capacity cannot be exceeded, or the department may require additional testing. continuous monitoring, reports of operating levels, or any other information deemed necessary by the department to determine whether such source is in compliance.

Stack test notifications, reports and correspondence shall be sent to:

Stack Test Review Coordinator Iowa DNR, Air Quality Bureau 6200 Park Ave Suite 200 Des Moines, IA 50321 (515) 343-6589

Within Polk and Linn Counties, stack test notifications, reports and correspondence shall also be directed to the supervisor of the respective county air pollution program. 567 IAC 21.10(7)"a", 567 IAC 21.10(9)

#### G31. Prevention of Air Pollution Emergency Episodes

The permittee shall comply with the provisions of 567 IAC Chapter 26 in the prevention of excessive build-up of air contaminants during air pollution episodes, thereby preventing the occurrence of an emergency due to the effects of these contaminants on the health of persons. 567 IAC 26.1(1)

#### **G32.** Contacts List

The current address and phone number for reports and notifications to the EPA administrator is:

Iowa Compliance Officer

Air Branch

Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Division

U.S. EPA Region 7

11201 Renner Blvd.

Lenexa, KS 66219

(913) 551-7020

The current address and phone number for reports and notifications to the department or the Director is:

Chief, Air Quality Bureau

Iowa Department of Natural Resources

6200 Park Ave

Suite 200

Des Moines, IA 50321

(515) 313-8325

Reports or notifications to the DNR Field Offices or local programs shall be directed to the supervisor at the appropriate field office or local program. Current addresses and phone numbers are:

#### Field Office 1

1101 Commercial Court, Suite 10 Manchester, IA 52057 (563) 927-2640

#### Field Office 3

1900 N. Grand Ave. Spencer, IA 51301 (712) 262-4177

#### Field Office 5

6200 Park Ave Suite 200 Des Moines, IA 50321 (515) 725-0268

#### **Polk County Public Works Dept.**

Air Quality Division 5885 NE 14th St. Des Moines, IA 50313 (515) 286-3351

#### Field Office 2

2300-15th St., SW Mason City, IA 50401 (641) 424-4073

#### Field Office 4

1401 Sunnyside Lane Atlantic, IA 50022 (712) 243-1934

#### Field Office 6

1023 West Madison Street Washington, IA 52353-1623 (319) 653-2135

#### **Linn County Public Health**

Air Quality Branch 1020 6<sup>th</sup> Street SE Cedar Rapids, IA 52401 (319) 892-6000

## V. Appendix A: Links to Standards

40 CFR Part 60 Subpart XXX – Standards of Performance for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills That Commenced Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification After July 17, 2014 <a href="https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-40/chapter-I/subchapter-C/part-60/subpart-XXX">https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-40/chapter-I/subchapter-C/part-60/subpart-XXX</a>

40 CFR Part 63, Subpart AAAA – National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills

https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=sp40.7.63.aaaa

## VI. Appendix B: Executive Order 10 (EO10) Rules Crosswalk