





TOPICS FOR TODAY

- American Rescue Plan
- Bipartisan Infrastructure Law
- Justice40



AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN (ARP) FUNDING

\$50 Million

For Environmental Justice Announced high level plan June 25



\$50 Million

For Enhanced Air Pollution Monitoring

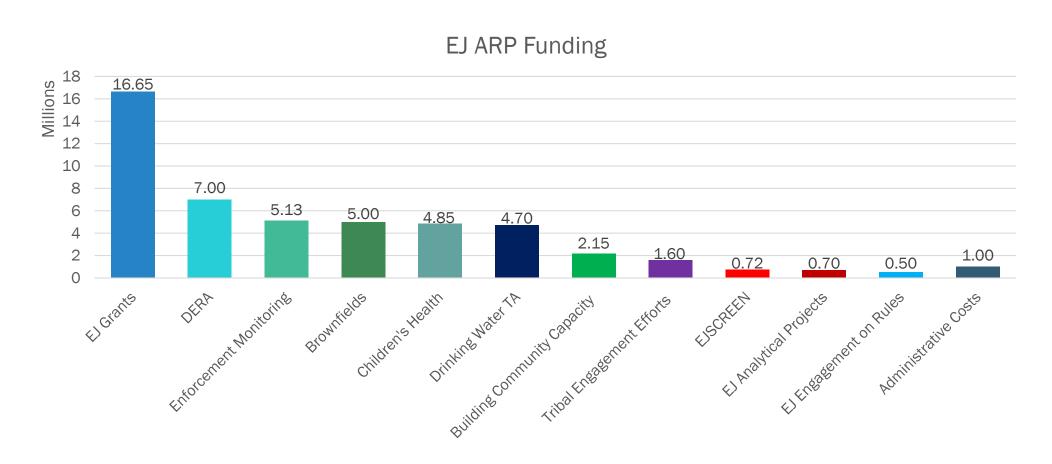
Announced July 7

\$100 Million in all

Appropriated to EPA through the American Rescue plan

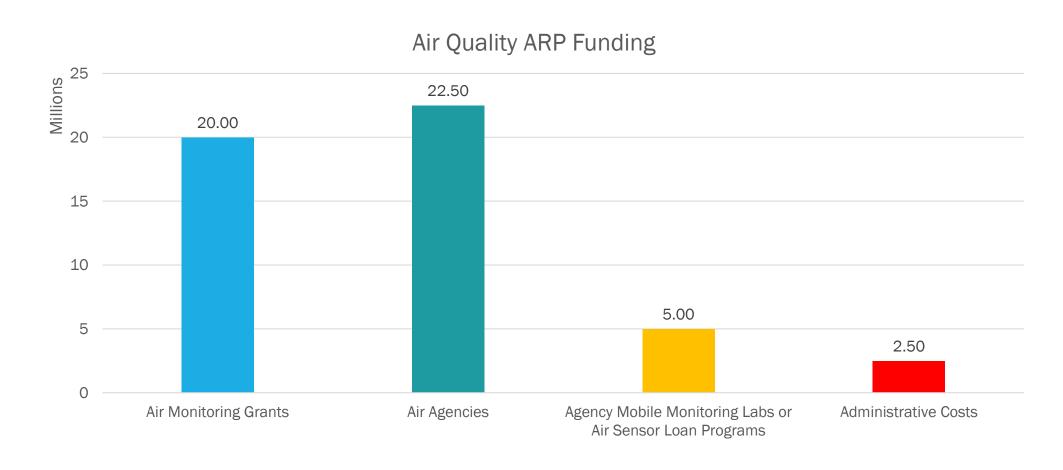


ARP EJ FUNDING BREAKDOWN (IN MILLIONS)



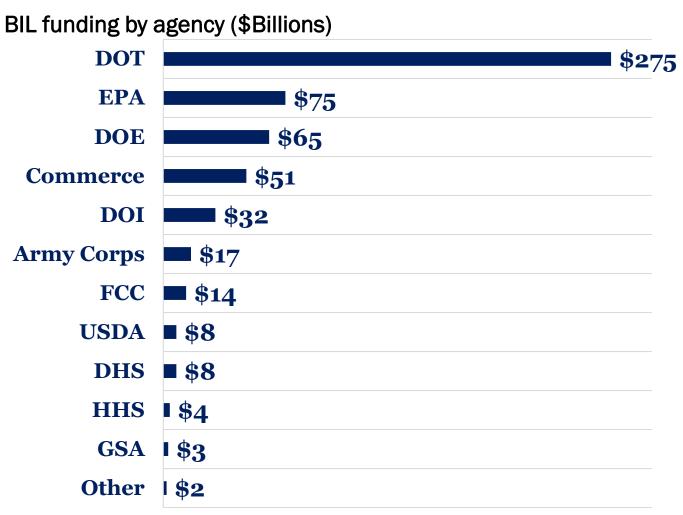


ARP AIR QUALITY FUNDING BREAKDOWN (IN MILLIONS)





BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW OR INFRA, INVESTMENT AND JOBS ACT



EPA is the second largest recipient of BIL funding after the Department of Transportation.

^{*}Baseline reflects FY22-26 estimate using FY21 enacted and FY22 Budget growth rates

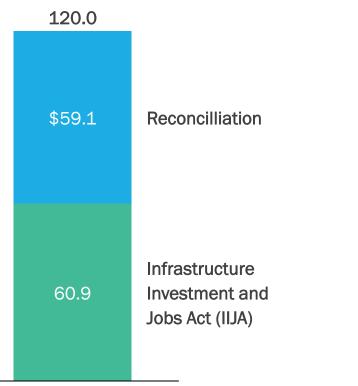


1. THE INFRASTRUCTURE AND RECONCILIATION PROGRAMS REPRESENT A SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT IN EPA'S MISSION Preliminary - Last undated 10/2

Preliminary – Last updated 10/29/2021

Pending legislation would provide EPA with \$120 billion in new funding...





...to support long-term investments in water infrastructure, environmental justice, and climate change Investment highlights

Reconciliation Detail follows

\$555B for federal clean energy and climate with an estimated \$59B for EPA including:

- \$3B for Environment Justice grants
- \$49B for OAR
- \$11.3B for OW
- \$650M for new and existing programs across other offices

Infrastructure Detail follows

\$60.8B investment at EPA with most funding over the next five years:

- \$50.4B for Office of Water
- \$5.3B for OLEM
- \$5B for OAR
- \$100M for OSPP



3. WATER INVESTMENTS

| \$, Millions | | IIJA Reconcilliation | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Clean Water SRF | 11,713 | State and tribal grants through the existing State Revolving Fund program to support clean water and | | | | |
| Drinking Water SRF | 11,713 | drinking water objectives | | | | |
| Drinking Water SRF - Lead Service Lines | 15,000 | New appropriations towards the ~\$45B requested to | | | | |
| Lead Remediation Projects | 9,000 | replace lead service pipes | | | | |
| Clean Water SRF - Emerging Contaminants | 1,000 | | | | | |
| Drinking Water SRF - Emerging Contaminants | 4,000 | New appropriations that fully fund the President's \$10B request for emerging contaminants such as | | | | |
| WIIN Grants – Emerging Contaminants | 5,000 | PFAS | | | | |
| Sewer Overflow and Stormwater Reuse Municipal Grants | 1,850 | | | | | |
| Geographic Programs | 1,717 | Additional funding for 12 geographic programs (e.g., Chesapeake Bay) | | | | |
| Other Reconcilliation (Water Assistance, Decentralized Treatment) | 500 | | | | | |
| Other IIJA (National Estuary, Gulf Hypoxia, etc.) | 267 | | | | | |
| Total | 50,410 11 | .,350 61,760 | | | | |

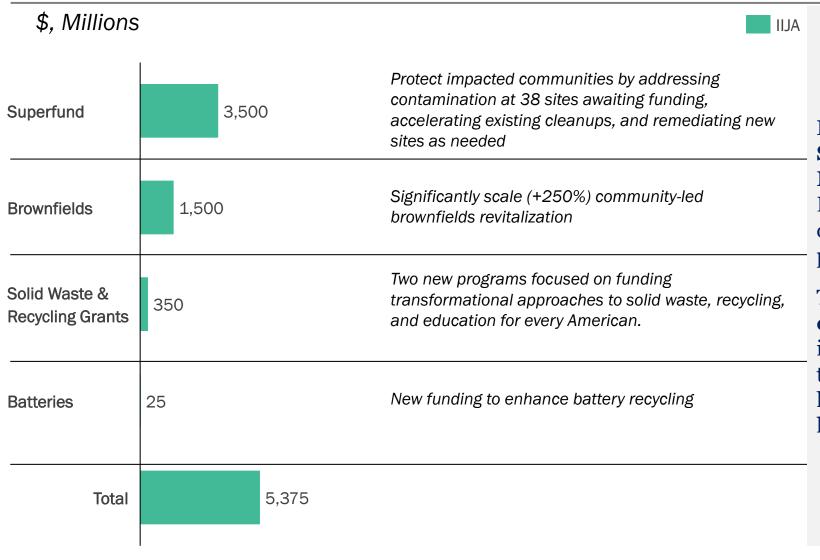
IIJA and reconciliation represent the **single largest investment in water systems** that the federal government has ever made.

If invested wisely, it can be a **significant down payment** on closing America's water infrastructure gap.

It can also be a once-in-a-generation opportunity to utilize water investments to move the nation along an arc that bends towards environmental justice, full inclusion, and climate resilience.



3. LAND INVESTMENTS



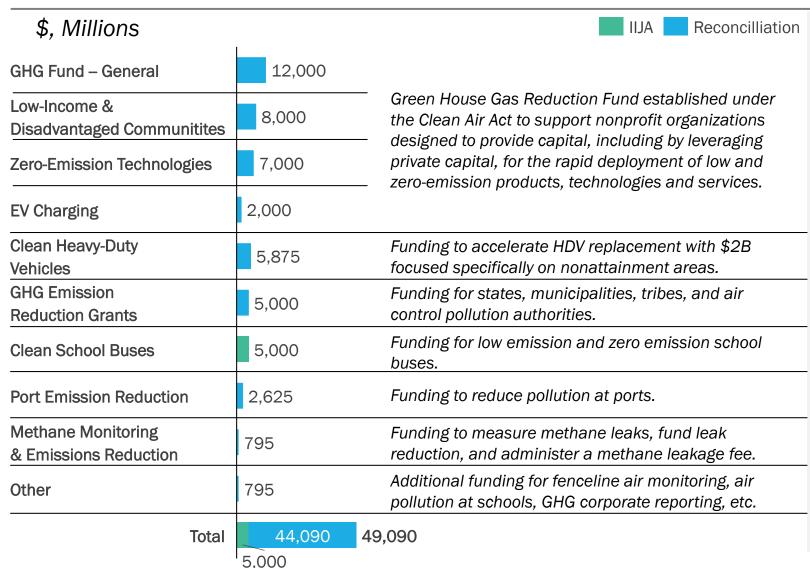
IIJA includes \$5B at EPA Superfund and brownfields sites.

More than one in four Black and Hispanic Americans live within 3 miles of a Superfund site, a higher percentage than for Americans overall.

The legislation represents the largest environmental justice investment in our nation's history and will be transformational for communities that have been waiting decades to address long-standing pollution.



3. AIR INVESTMENTS



EPA will administer \$44B of \$555B in federal funds allocated through reconciliation to accelerate clean energy and support climate action.

Reconciliation establishes several new programs and authorities such as the GHG Reduction Fund and a methane fee.

IIJA also provides \$5 billion to transition the nation's school bus fleet to electric and low emission vehicles.



3. POLLUTION PREVENTION INVESTMENTS

\$100 million to expand the Pollution Prevention (P2) program

- P2 Grants provide technical assistance to businesses to help them develop and adopt source reduction practices that reduce toxic pollutants, the use of water, energy and other raw materials, while also lowering business costs.
- P2 grants are awarded to States, colleges and universities, and federally-recognized tribes and intertribal consortia.

IIJA provides a 460% increase in annual funding that will be used to both increase the number and size of awards while also launching a new grant program focused on EJ communities.

The significant increase in funding will accelerate our **engagement in EJ communities and across P2 National Emphasis Areas** that include:

- Food and Beverage Manufacturing and Processing
- Chemical Manufacturing, Processing and Formulation
- Automotive Manufacturing and Maintenance
- Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing and Maintenance
- Metal Manufacturing and Fabrication



JUSTICE40

Justice40 (J40) at EPA

Justice 40 is an interagency initiative collectively led by the White House Environmental Justice Interagency Council (IAC), which is convened by the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ).



Justice 40

The Biden Administration requested that 13 federal agencies (encompassing over 379 support programs) direct 40% of the overall benefits of those programs to disadvantaged communities in the areas of clean energy, energy efficiency, clean transit, affordable and sustainable housing, training and workforce development, the remediation and reduction of legacy pollution, and the development of clean water infrastructure!



JUSTICE40

Appendix A. Justice40 Covered Program Pilot to Maximize Benefits to Disadvantaged Communities

| Agency | Program |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ARC | Partnerships for Opportunity and Workforce and Economic Revitalization (POWER) |
| DHS | Flood Mitigation Assistance Program |
| DHS | Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities Program (BRIC) |
| DOE | Weatherization Assistance Program |
| DOE | Solar Energy Technologies Office (National Community Solar Partnership) |
| DOE | Vehicles Technologies Office (Clean Cities) |
| DOE | Environmental Management, Los Alamos |
| DOE | Advance Manufacturing Office (Industrial Assessment Centers) |
| DOI | Abandoned Mine Land Economic Revitalization (AMLER) Program |
| DOT | Bus and Bus Facilities Infrastructure Investment Program |
| DOT | Low or No Emissions Vehicle Program |



JUSTICE40

| | - |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EPA | Drinking Water State Revolving Fund |
| EPA | Clean Water State Revolving Fund |
| EPA | Brownfields Program |
| EPA | Superfund Remedial Program |
| EPA | Diesel Emissions Reductions Act Program (DERA) |
| EPA | Reducing Lead in Drinking Water |
| HHS | National Institute of Environmental Health Science (NIEHS) Environmental Career Worker Training Program |
| HHS | Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) |
| HUD | Lead Hazard Reduction and Healthy Homes Grants |
| USDA | Rural Energy for America Program |



REGION 7 LEDGER

EPA Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation: National Programs Allocation Summary As of: May 2022

| Program Office | Type of Funds Available | Description | Eligible Applicants | \$ Amount (Millions) | # Of Awards Anticipated | Request for Application (Date) | Projected Award (Date) |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| OAR/BIL | Clean School Bus Rebate Program | Funding for low emission and zero emission school bus rebates | Nonprofit School Transportation Associations, Eligible Contractors, State and local government entities that provide bus service, including public school districts, Indian Tribes responsible for purchase of school buses or providing bus service for a Bureau of Indian Affairs funded school | 5,000 | TBD | May-August 2022 | October 2022 |
| OLEM/BIL | Brownfields | Increased (+250%) community led brownfields revitalization | | 1,500 | | | |
| OLEM/BIL | Solid Waste & Recycling | New programs focused on transformational approaches to solid waste recycling and education | | 350 | | | |
| OLEM/BIL | Batteries | New funding to enhance battery recycling | | 25 | | | |
| OW/BIL | WIIN Grants | Emerging Contaminants | | 5,000 | | | |
| OW/BIL | Clean Water Grant | Geographic Programs: National Estuary, Gulf Hypoxia, etc. Hypoxia Task Force Grants in R7 | Missouri Iowa | 410 Total R7: 1M/yr over 5 yr | 1M per State each year | | |



- Josh Tapp, Director
- Office of Intergovernmental Affairs
- EPA Region 7
- 11201 Renner Blvd
- Lenexa, KS 66219

• (913) 948-2443 (cell)