

LOESS HILLS BIRD CONSERVATION AREA

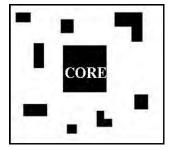
The Loess Hills Bird Conservation Area (BCA) is located in the most unique landform of Iowa; created by windblown loess from the Missouri River bottomland and piled 200-300 feet deep. Once near-totally covered by prairie, today the Loess Hills' land cover is a mixture of native prairie, Bur Oak savanna, and woodlands. This BCA contains 94,048 acres in Monona and Harrison counties, of which nearly 19,000 acres are protected by conservation easements or publicly owned.

Bird diversity here is exceptional, with 249 species identified, including 80 Iowa Species of Greatest Conservation Need. Currently, 111 species are known to nest in this BCA's prairies, savannas, woodlands, and wetlands. This same crucial habitat supplies important



bird wintering grounds and migratory stopover sites. Special birds of this area include Wood Thrush, Bell's Vireo, Whip-poor-will, Redheaded Woodpecker, Grasshopper and Field sparrows, Blue-winged Warbler, and both meadowlark species. The BCA's western Iowa location makes it a

good place to see western bird species that are less often seen elsewhere, like Western Kingbird, Townsend's Solitaire, and perhaps Lazuli Bunting.



The BCA Model: shaded have led to the emergence areas depict special habitat of national and

BIRD CONSERVATION AREAS

In recent decades, alarming declines in a large number of species of North American birds have led to the emergence of national and international programs

dedicated to the conservation of game and non-game

birds. Since 1999, bird conservation organizations and enthusiasts have worked together under an umbrella called the North American Bird Conservation Initiative (NABCI) to



"conserve all birds in all habitats." As part of this initiative and in an effort to protect dwindling populations of many Iowa birds, Iowa's **Bird Conservation Area** (BCA) program was established by the DNR Wildlife Bureau in 2001.

The present model BCA encompasses at least 10,000 acres of public and/or private lands with 35% or more of the area as key bird habitat. Research suggests that viable bird populations require conservation efforts at a landscape-oriented level. Each BCA should also include a large "core" area (at least 2,000 acres) of protected high -quality habitat. Around this core is both private land and additional public tracts, managed for good bird habitat or at least maintained to be neutral in how they affect bird life.

IMPORTANT BIRD AREAS

The Important Bird Areas (IBA) Program is a global effort initiated by the National Audubon Society to identify and conserve areas that are vital to birds and other biodiversity. Designated IBAs include sites for

breeding, wintering, and/or migrating birds. By working to identify and implement conservation strategies, the IBA Program hopes to minimize the effects of habitat degradation and loss on birds and other wildlife. All Iowa BCAs are also considered IBAs.

LOESS HILLS PRAIRIE DIVERSITY

PLANTS

The Loess Hills contain many unique native



prairie species. Bluestem prairies are sprinkled with several colorful milkweed species, as well as Snow-on-the-Mountain, Prairie Larkspur, Fringed Puccoon, Dotted Blazing Star, Locoweed, and Western Purple Coneflower. Interspersed with sprawling Bur Oaks, another unique and threatened Iowa ecosystem - Oak Savanna - includes prairie plants such as Side-oats Grama, Lead Plant, Meadow Rose, Prairie Phlox, and Wild Strawberry.

ANIMALS

Besides birds, this BCA is home to a diverse group of other animals. These include 105 butterfly species, such as the Ottoe, Pawnee, and Fiery skippers, as well as Monarch and Regal Fritillary. Bumble Bees, Long-horned



Bees and Mason Bees are important prairie flower pollinators. While strolling through the prairies, keep an eye open for unique reptiles, such as the Six-lined Racerunner, Bullsnake, and Blue Racer, as well

as for small mammals, like the Plains Pocket Mouse, Western Harvest Mouse, and Prairie Vole. After heavy summer rains, listen for the loud quacking call of a most unique amphibian, the Plains Spadefoot. Two toads that may be encountered, also unique to western Iowa, include Woodhouse's Toad and Great Plains Toad.



PARTNERSHIPS

The Loess Hills Bird Conservation Area is made possible by many partnerships, including: Harrison and Monona County Conservation Boards, Iowa Natural Heritage Foundation, The Nature Conservancy, Iowa Audubon, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Loess Hills Audubon Society, Loess Hills Alliance, Loess Hills Preservation Society, Pheasants Forever, and Iowa Department of Natural Resources.





















Bird Checklist for Loess Hills BCA *= Confirmed or likely area breeder **Iowa Wildlife Action Plan Migratory Species of Greatest Conservation Need Iowa Wildlife Action Plan Nesting Species of Greatest Conservation Need**

Greatest Conservation i	1000
Greater White-fronted Goose	Golden Eagle
Snow Goose	
Ross's Goose	Virginia Rail
Cackling Goose	Sora
Canada Goose*	American Coot
Trumpeter Swan*	
Trumpeter Swan* Wood Duck*	Sandhill Crane
Gadwall	Black-bellied Plover
American Wigeon	American Golden-Plover
Mallard*	Semipalmated Plover
Blue-winged Teal*	Killdeer*
Northern Shoveler	Spotted Sandpiper*
Northern Pintail	Solitary Sandpiper
Rortile Findan	Greater Yellowlegs
Redhead	
	Lesser Yellowlegs
Ring-necked Duck	Upland Sandpiper*
Lesser Scaup	Baird's Sandpiper
Bufflehead	Least Sandpiper
Common Goldeneye	Semipalmated Sandpiper
Hooded Merganser*	White-rumped Sandpiper
Common Merganser	Pectoral Sandpiper
Ruddy Duck	Western Sandpiper
Gray Partridge	Short-billed Dowitcher
Ring-necked Pheasant*	Wilson's Snipe
Sharp-tailed Grouse	American Woodcock*
Sharp-tailed Grouse Wild Turkey*	Wilson's Phalarope
Northern Bobwhite*	
	Franklin's Gull
Pied-billed Grebe*	Ring-billed Gull
American White Pelican	Herring Gull
Double-crested Cormorant	Caspian Tern
	Black Tern
American Bittern	Forster's Tern
Great Blue Heron*	
Great Egret	Rock Pigeon*
Cattle Egret	Eurasian Collared-Dove*
Green Heron*	Mourning Dove*
Black-crowned Night-heron	wourning Bovo
	Yellow-billed Cuckoo*
Turkey Vulture*	Black-billed Cuckoo*
Osprey	
Mississippi Kite	Barn Owl
Bald Eagle	Eastern Screech Owl*
Northern Harrier*	Great Horned Owl*
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Snowy Owl
Cooper's Hawk*	Burrowing Owl
Northern Goshawk	Barred Owl*
Red-shouldered Hawk	Long-eared Owl
Broad-winged Hawk*	Short-eared Owl
Swainson's Hawk	Northern Saw-Whet Owl
Red-tailed Hawk*	NOTUTETTI Gaw-vvitet OWI
i vea-tailea i lawk	

Rough-legged Hawk

Chuck-will's-widow
Eastern Whip-poor-will
Chimney Swift*
Ruby-throated Hummingbird
Belted Kingfisher*
Red-headed Woodpecker
Red-bellied Woodpecker
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
Downy Woodpecker*
Hairy Woodpecker*
Northern Flicker*
Pileated Woodpecker
American Kestrel*
Merlin
Peregrine Falcon
Prairie Falcon
Olive-sided Flycatcher
Eastern Wood-Pewee*
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher
Acadian Flycatcher*
Alder Flycatcher
Willow Flycatcher*
Least Flycatcher
Eastern Phoebe*
Great Crested Flycatcher
Western Kingbird*
Eastern Kingbird*
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher
Loggerhead Shrike* Northern Shrike
Northern Shrike
White-eyed Vireo
Bell's Vireo*
Yellow-throated Vireo*
Blue-headed Vireo
Bide-fleaded vireo*
Warbiirig Vireo Philadelphia Vireo
Red-eyed Vireo*
Red-eyed vileo
Blue Jay*
American Crow*
Horned Lark*
Purple Martin*
Tree Swallow*
Northern Rough-winged Swalld
Bank Swallow*
Cliff Swallow*
Barn Swallow*
Black-capped Chickadee
Tufted Titmouse*
Red-breasted Nuthatch
White-breasted Nuthatch
Brown Creeper
Carolina Wren*

House Wren*

Winter Wren

Sedge Wren*

Common Nighthawk*

```
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher*
Golden-crowned Kinglet
Ruby-crowned Kinglet
Eastern Bluebird*
Townsend's Solitaire
Gray-cheeked Thrush
Swainson's Thrush
Hermit Thrush
Wood Thrush*
American Robin*
Brown Thrasher*
_Northern Mockingbird*
European Starling*
American Pipit
Cedar Waxwing*
Lapland Longspur
Smith's Longspur
Snow Bunting
Northern Waterthrush
Louisiana Waterthrush*
Golden-winged Warbler
Blue-winged Warbler*
Black-and-white Warbler
Prothonotary Warbler
Tennessee Warbler
Orange-crowned Warbler
Nashville Warbler
Connecticut Warbler
Mourning Warbler
Kentucky Warbler*
Common Yellowthroat*
American Redstart*
Cape May Warbler
Cerulean Warbler
Northern Parula
Magnolia Warbler
Bay-breasted Warbler
Blackburnian Warbler
Yellow Warbler*
Chestnut-sided Warbler
Blackpoll Warbler
Black-throated Blue Warbler
Palm Warbler
Yellow-rumped Warbler
Yellow-throated Warbler
Black-throated Green Warbler
Canada Warbler
Wilson's Warbler
Yellow-breasted Chat*
Spotted Towhee
Eastern Towhee*
```

Marsh Wren*

Veerv

Gray Catbird*

Ovenbird*

American Tree Sparrow

```
Chipping Sparrow*
                              Blue Grosbeak*
Clay-colored Sparrow
                              Indigo Bunting*
Field Sparrow*
                              Dickcissel*
Vesper Sparrow*
                              Bobolink*
Lark Sparrow*
                              Red-winged Blackbird*
                              Eastern Meadowlark*
Savannah Sparrow*
Grasshopper Sparrow*
                              Western Meadowlark*
Henslow's Sparrow
                              Yellow-headed Blackbird
Le Conte's Sparrow
                             Rusty Blackbird
Nelson's Sparrow
                              Brewer's Blackbird
Fox Sparrow
                              Common Grackle*
                              Great-tailed Grackle
Song Sparrow*
Lincoln's Sparrow
                              Brown-headed Cowbird*
Swamp Sparrow*
                              Orchard Oriole*
White-throated Sparrow
                              Baltimore Oriole*
                              Purple Finch
Harris's Sparrow
White-crowned Sparrow
                             House Finch*
Dark-eyed Junco
                              Red Crossbill
Summer Tanager*
                              Common Redpoll
Scarlet Tanager*
                              Pine Siskin
Northern Cardinal*
                              American Goldfinch*
Rose-breasted Grosbeak*
                             House Sparrow*
```



Iowa Department of Natural Resources



1436 255th St. Boone, IA 50036 Phone: (515) 432-2823 Fax: (515) 432-2835



Federal and State law prohibits employment and/or public accommodation (such as access to services or physical facilities) discrimination on the basis of age, color, creed, disability (mental and/or physical), gender identity, national origin, pregnancy, race, religion, sex or sexual orientation. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility as described above, or if you desire further information, contact the Iowa Civil Rights Commission at 1-800-457-4416, or write to: Director, Iowa Department of Natural Resources, Wallace State Office Building, 502 E. 9th, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0034.

Produced by: Bruce Ehresman, Iowa DNR Biologist

Loess Hills Bird Conservation Area



Monona & Harrison Counties