During the months of October and November, 18 Resource Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Assemblies were conducted throughout Iowa. The REAP Assemblies are required to be conducted on odd numbered years to provide attendees with information about REAP expenditures, ask attendees to identify opportunities or changes in policy, programs or funding, vote on motions for the five elected delegates per region to vote on at REAP Congress. 544 Iowans participated in the 2013 REAP Assemblies. In addition to electing delegates, the participants made 57 motions that will be forwarded to the REAP Congress for consideration on January 4, 2014.

The following motions were approved at the Assemblies. The number behind the motion indicates the number of Assemblies at which it was approved.

1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. 17
2) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. 7
3) Encourage the Legislature to raise the sales tax to support Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy. 7
4) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space criteria for population and award amounts are re-evaluated. 5
5) Recommend that REAP Conservation Education Program be raised to $500,000. 2
6) Recommend that if the Iowa Legislature implement the Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation Trust Fund (IWiLL) that REAP will not be negatively impacted. 1
7) Recommend that the REAP is fully funded. 1
8) Recommend that the $0.22/1000 assessed value county millage for eligibility for county per capita and grants be raised to $0.27. 1
9) Expand existing programs to women landowners through the REAP Conservation Education Program. 1
10) Direct REAP staff to investigate mechanisms for allowing endowments for maintenance.
11) Consider that a portion of the natural resource license plate funds go back to the REAP County Committee. 1
12) Property tax payments are phased out because of local benefits. 1-10 years of new project, 100% paid. On year 11-20, 50% of property taxes paid. Year 21-25, 25% of taxes paid and 26 and after, no property taxes are paid. 1
13) Applications for funding should include greater emphasis on follow through and show proof of implementation of a county’s plan. 1
14) Set aside funding for a public service announcement (PSA) about how REAP benefits the state to be available for statewide distribution. 1
15) Provide funding for local REAP Committees. 1
16) Explore ways to make it easier to leverage other state funds. 1
17) REAP partner with conservation non-governmental organizations to restore and enhance natural resources. 1
18) Continue to improve and enhance our forestry programs. 1
19) Review the County Conservation Board category to consider the discretion or greater emphasis on smaller projects. 1
20) Increase awareness of current REAP projects involving technology to other entities. 1
21) Require RV owners to purchase a natural resources license plate with the revenue to be used for campground improvements. 1
22) Provide a better education for Iowans about REAP. 1
23) More funding for Historical Resources in the fund distribution. 1
24) Raise cap of REAP to $30 million. 1

Additionally, participants at each assembly broke into small groups to discuss the impact of REAP in the past 24 years and provide recommendations for the future of the program. They listed and discussed over 630 ideas, recommendations and impacts. They are listed by region in the Assembly Summary later in this document.

Below is a list of the most prevalent themes:

| In the past 25 years, what do you believe are the most significant things REAP has done? Why are these important to the place you live, to the state? |
|---|---|
| 1) Without REAP many local projects would not have happened. |
| 2) Localized impact in every county of the state |
| 3) Connects people to the outdoors |
| 4) City parks/trails |
| 5) County and state public areas |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Positive impacts of REAP in your community:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Quality of life</td>
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<tr>
<td>2) Economic impact</td>
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<tr>
<td>3) Soil and Water Quality</td>
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<tr>
<td>4) Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>5) Trails and outdoor recreation</td>
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<td>6) Healthy communities</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Negative impacts of REAP in your community:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Not enough funding to meet the demand for the projects</td>
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<tr>
<td>2) Can be difficult to get grant funding</td>
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</table>

| What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated? |
|---|---|
| **Continue/expand:** |
| 1) More promotion/awareness about REAP’s impact in Iowa |
| 2) Fully fund REAP |
| 3) Keep the REAP formula the same |
| 4) Ease of grant administration |
| 5) Continue and expand the ability to leverage funds with REAP |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Change/eliminate:</strong></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Re-evaluate the rules for city grants.</td>
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Individual Assembly Summary

Cedar Falls (Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Chickasaw, Grundy)

Attendance: 46
Chair: Roger White

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Big Woods Lake (campground, etc)
2) Roof Repair at Cedar Rock
3) Bridge McFarlane
4) Boat ramps on the Wapsipinicon River
5) Project WET for UNI and Hawkeye Students
6) Wapsi. Clean up
7) Project AWARE
8) Riverview Recreation Complex
9) Wapsi. Greenbelt
10) Wilder Park
11) Trail System
12) Leverage for Grants (42 grants for $4.4 million)
13) Roadside Vegetation
14) Buffer Strips
15) Conserve soil and water resources with funding of practices through IDALS
16) Protect significant areas
17) Conservation Education
18) Increased attractiveness for community development
19) Economic Impact/Tourism
20) Raised awareness of Iowa’s Resources

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) The influence that it has on other support/partners. “If REAP is on board, it has to be good.”
2) Spillover effect of benefits
   a. Habitat/wildlife
   b. Non-Game
   c. Cross-boundary Alliances
      i. River Corridor
      ii. Watersheds
3) Campers Spending dollars locally
4) Leverage for other funds
5) Blue Zones
6) Employee Retention
7) Quality of Life: bike trails, water quality, recreation
8) Jobs – Beautification
9) Citizen Retention
10) Ownership
11) Funding projects that wouldn’t be funded otherwise
12) Healthier Environments
13) Attributes we wouldn’t have otherwise
14) Water Quality/Flood Protection
15) More Campgrounds
16) Soil in place
17) Trails
18) Wetlands
19) Economic Impacts
20) Environmental Education
Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Limited capacity of the Conservation Education Program with $350,000. Static for 20 years.
2) Funding does not keep up with land values.
3) Not enough funding for good projects.
4) County untaxable land out of row crop production

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Continue distribution formula. “If it ain’t broke, don’t fix it.”
2) Outreach, signage, educating public/voters.
3) Expand CEP to $500,000
4) Fully fund it
5) Return to $30 Million to account for inflation
6) $25 Million for the 25th year of REAP
7) Advertise natural resources in the state
8) Use REAP money to create partnership with DNR, County Conservation Boards and others with schools to create ecology programs
9) Like to see more money go toward that have publicity (small towns, small streams, etc).
10) REAP should continue to spend money in both urban and rural areas

Change/eliminate:
1) Promote matching funds
2) Fund Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy

Calmar (Allamakee, Clayton, Fayette, Howard, Winneshiek)

Attendance: 30
Chair: Corey Meyer
Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Recommend that if the Iowa Legislature implement the Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation Trust Fund (IWiLL) that REAP will not be negatively impacted. Vote: Unanimous.

Additional Recommendations:
• Celebrate REAP’s 25th Anniversary by region.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Leverage dollars and match grants
2) Allows doing more with less. Additional funding.
3) State land
4) Education
5) Private land practices
6) Help fund recreational land acquisition, from willing sellers.

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Public land acquisition with leveraged money. Buying from willing sellers is important.
2) Educational component, both specific and general
3) Funds offered to rural and urban
4) The support of saving our history

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Misconception of how land is acquired.
2) Misconception of taxes on public land not paid.

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) Expand community tourism
2) Increase funding to $25 million for 25th year.
3) Don't defund REAP if $.01 sales tax (IWiLL) is passed.

Change/eliminate:
1) Combine historic resources and conservation
2) More wildlife

Coralville (Benton, Iowa, Johnson, Jones, Linn, Washington)

Attendance: 50
Chair: Richard Heft
Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs' 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that REAP is fully funded. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. Vote: Unanimous.
4) Recommend that the $0.22/1000 assessed value county millage for eligibility for county per capita and grants be raised to $0.27. Vote: Y=26, N=5.

5) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space criteria for population and award amounts are re-evaluated. Vote: Unanimous.

**Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:**

1) Wickiup Nature Center
2) Making areas user friendly
3) Trails
4) Awareness of natural areas
5) Roadside management
6) Bringing in people through amenity enhancement
7) More jobs through development
8) Interpretive programs
9) Sensitive land protection
10) Land Purchase
11) Leverage other funds and cost-sharing
12) Museums and historic education
13) Conservation education
14) Better soil/water quality
15) Land acquisition
16) Honey Creek Resort
17) County environmental education
18) Environmental awareness
19) Public lands
20) Community Connectivity
21) Wildlife corridors
22) Building capacity
23) City/county parks
24) Establishment of Iowa Roadside Vegetation Management
25) Recreational opportunities

**Positive impacts of REAP in your community:**

1) Forever funding
2) Bipartisan support
3) We’re unique=p pride
4) Tourism
5) Awareness
6) Economic development
7) Health and Outdoors
   a. Blue Zones
   b. Trails for health and fitness
8) Connection to land
9) Natural appreciation
10) Habitat
11) Education/Pre-service teacher training
12) Improved quality of life
13) Urban rain gardens
14) Bio conversion of waste
15) Land acquisition = carbon sequestration
16) Invasive species removal
17) Agriculture education for farmers

**Negative impacts of REAP in your community:**

1) Limited funding/lots of competition
2) Small towns may be discouraged
3) Not enough public relations or understanding
4) Limited partnerships with common existing goals between all the agencies in attendance.
5) Unnecessary searching by legislators for reforms when REAP is the water quality answer.
6) Working together to broaden species in roadways with joint coordination.
7) The Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) makes it hard for some counties.
8) Not enough funding
9) Tax increase for IWiLL needs to be passed.

6
What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Pass IWiLL
2) Expand agricultural conservation practices (especially no-till)
3) Market REAP plates

Change/eliminate:
1) Economic activity based on funding projects/programs
2) Blue Zone as qualification for REAP grant
3) Increase county millage, which is currently $.22 for county qualification
4) Re-examine population rules for city grants.

Maquoketa (Cedar, Clinton, Delaware, Dubuque, Jackson)

Attendance: 36
Chair: Matt O’Connor

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that REAP Conservation Education Program be raised to $500,000. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary and then fully fund from them on. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Recommend that if the Iowa Legislature fund the Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation Trust Fund (IWiLL). Vote: Unanimous.
4) Expand existing programs to women landowners through the REAP Conservation Education Program. Vote: Y=35, N=1.
5) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space population categories are re-evaluated. Vote: Unanimous.

Failed Motions:
1) Recommend that the $0.22/1000 assessed value county millage for eligibility for county per capita and grants be raised to $0.27. Vote: Y=3, N=33.

Additional Recommendations:
- Analyze REAP funded projects for return on investment.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Helped provide recreation opportunities by acquiring public lands such as Manikowski Prairie and Ringneck Marsh.
2) Lost Nation’s park – walking trail, creek, historic railroad bridge
3) Public land/open spaces bring in people and money to local economies.
4) Access to the outdoors benefits quality of life.
5) We can see a noticeable difference in numbers of pheasant hunters – direct impact on local communities and businesses.
6) Funding City Parks and Open Spaces
7) Land purchases for public use 10) Funds for conservation education
8) Provide consistent funding 11) Ability to leverage funds
9) Allowed Iowan’s to think outside the box 12) Roadside management

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Provides outdoor recreation opportunities and spaces
2) Landowner incentives to do conservation
3) Create jobs
4) Tourism i.e. $= ecotourism

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Lack of money discourages participation

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) Fully fund REAP
2) Fully fund IWiLL, which would double REAP.

Change/eliminate:
1) Increase or change the Conservation Education Program to a percentage, but not less than $350,000.
2) Re-evaluate City Parks and Open Spaces categories
3) Go to 4 categories, using population for breaks or 10 big cities, 100 medium and fund accordingly.
4) Re-evaluate Roadside Management Strategies and/or methods/timing. Specifically prairie areas created with REAP funding.

Ventura (Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Franklin, Hancock, Kossuth, Mitchell, Winnebago, Worth)

Attendance: 43
Chair: Andrea Evelsizer
Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space population categories are re-evaluated. Vote: Y=41, N=2.

Additional Recommendations:
• More outreach on REAP Conservation Education Program (CEP) Grant due dates.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Exposed natural resources to general public in Iowa.
2) Filled in gap between what people want and what the legislature supports.
3) Huge impact on local land acquisition
4) Increased recreation opportunities
5) Improved quality of life
6) More bang for your buck
7) Tremendous amount of projects that never would have happened.

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Economic growth
2) Public outdoor recreation opportunities
3) Quality of life
4) Creators and Founders are GREAT
5) Formula for REAP is bulletproof!
6) Regional conservation efforts and long term planning and communication among local conservation players
7) Empowers people to have impact
8) REAP funds can expedite projects with Board approval.

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Never been fully funded
2) Negative public opinion about taking land out of production
3) Political control makes it difficult to plan
4) No guaranteed stability from year to year
5) No negative impacts of projects, just some negative impacts in process.

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) Fully fund REAP
2) Keep the formula the same. It is very successful.
3) Expand political activism and public relations/publicity for REAP
4) Advocate environmental education – get kids outside

Change/eliminate:
1) Change community size. More money goes to big projects and small projects are missed.
2) Projects further from Des Moines are forgotten.
Marshalltown (Hardin, Marshall, Poweshiek, Tama)

Attendance: 24  
Chair: Robert Etzel  

Approved Motions:  
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.  
2) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. Vote: Unanimous.  
3) Direct REAP staff to investigate mechanisms for allowing endowments for maintenance. Vote: Unanimous.  
4) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space population categories are re-evaluated. Vote: Unanimous.  
5) Encourage the Legislature to raise the sales tax to support Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:  
1) All connected  
2) Environmental education  
3) Quality of life  
4) Recreational opportunities  
5) Water quality  
6) Soil Conservation  
7) Preservation  
8) Roadside vegetation programs  
9) Helpful to small historic organizations  
10) Critical land acquisition

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:  
1) Quality of life issues  
2) Health benefits  
3) Economic benefits  
4) Able to leverage other funds  
5) Historical and outdoor education

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:  
1) Under funded  
2) Money for building, but not for maintenance  
3) Ability to get project done

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?  

Continue/expand:  
1) Additional funding annually for all programs.  
2) Increase conservation education  
3) Fully fund to support maintenance

Change/eliminate:  
1) Create an endowment  
2) Will small communities continue to be competitive?  
3) Want/need a bigger piece of the pie  
4) Evaluate scoring for cities
Correctionville (Cherokee, Ida, Monona, Plymouth, Woodbury)

Attendance: 24
Chair: Ken Greer
Approved Motions:
1) Consider that a portion of the natural resource license plate funds go back to the REAP County Committee. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Improved quality of life
2) $57,000 Recreation Trail in Le Mars
3) Loess Hills State Forest and the tourism from it
4) Native plant plantings
5) Environmental education: conservation centers, exhibits, staff, specific programs
6) Stone State Park
7) Sioux City Trail
8) Battle Creek Park
9) City grants for trails which improves wellness
10) Land acquisition
11) Fire Equipment
12) Water Quality
13) Maximize funds and leverage
14) CCB Recreation areas
15) Partnerships
16) Opportunities
17) Park Improvements

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Needed projects funded that would not otherwise have been
2) Recreation and wellness
3) Grassroots involvement/collaboration of projects
4) Teaching youngsters about nature

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Too much demand for money
2) Playing catch-up for lower funded years
3) Not adequate funding

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) County committee should be kept active
2) Five year REAP plan
3) Get word out
4) Keep formula the same
5) Expand financially
6) Water retention projects/flood control
Spencer (Buena Vista, Clay, Dickinson, Emmet, Lyon, O’Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Sioux)

Attendance: 49
Chair: Jon Kruse

Approved Motions:
1) Encourage the Legislature to raise the sales tax to support Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Increase REAP Conservation Education Program (CEP) to $500,000. Vote: Unanimous
4) Recommend that the City Parks and Open Space allocations are re-evaluated. Vote: Unanimous.

Additional Recommendations:
- More promotional information for REAP’s 25th Anniversary. Work with the Iowa Association of Naturalists.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Provide money to projects that wouldn’t have been done.
2) Education/awareness of conservation
3) Allowed us to do project that we couldn’t do
4) Acres of public land in ownership
5) Economic boost to region
6) Environmental protection region and state
7) Watershed protection
8) Land acquisition
9) Quality of life
10) County roadside program: equipment, seed, IRVM program inventories
11) Ability to leverage other money for projects
12) Developed networking with other organizations. Web of networks: city/state conservation organizations
13) Recreational areas bring money to community
14) Linking habitat quality pieces
15) Places to go/things to do
16) Trail development
17) Open Spaces
18) Historical Protection and enhancement
19) Conservation board improvements

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) All the above
2) Boat ramp and so many specific projects to our communities
3) Cities able to acquire land or do projects in time of limited funding
4) Good foresight in original planning to develop “pie” and not change funding equation.

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Not enough funds – fantastic projects not funded due to lack of funding
2) Smaller towns don’t get as much money
What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Soil and water conservation that directly affects water
2) REAP should continue as a whole
3) Roadside program needs to be managed better
4) Evaluate the pie pieces, not the pie (i.e. City Parks and Open Spaces)
5) Look at policy and procedures for each piece of pie
6) Fully fund REAP
7) Conservation Education Program doesn’t fund as much as it did 24 years ago
8) Keep small v. small, medium v. medium etc on city competition
9) More land acquisition
10) More signage/advertise

Change/eliminate

1) 75% cost share instead of 50% cost share for SWCD funds
2) Consider funding all counties with REAP CCB allocation (currently needs $.22 minimum)

Carroll (Audubon, Carroll, Crawford, Greene, Guthrie, Sac)

Attendance: 18
Chair: Jack Wardell

Approved Motions:
1) Encourage the Legislature to raise the sales tax to support Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Property tax payments are phased out because of local benefits. 1-10 years of new project, 100% paid. On year 11-20, 50% of property taxes paid. Year 21-25, 25% of taxes paid and 26 and after, no property taxes are paid. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Allowed us to develop projects that would not have been possible (trails, land acquisition).
2) Fund naturalist position that educates our youth regarding natural resource enhancement/protection.
3) Trail acquisition/development
4) Roadside management

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Economic development thru tourism
2) Trails promote health awareness/opportunity. Walkers, lots of walkers!
3) Increase other forms of outdoor recreation
4) Multi-purpose areas to use
5) City projects in small towns
6) Land acquired through REAP will be there for future generations to utilize.
7) Environmental education programming: salaries, nature centers and buildings.
8) Quality of life. People want to move or stay here
9) Tourism brings outside people and money. Need interconnection of trails.

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Public expectations greatly increased
2) Habitat loss is huge! Habitat replacement on public and private land.
3) Need streamside filter strips (greenbelts)

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Important that the formula should remain as it is.
2) Fund REAP at $25 million to keep pace with land/project cost increases.

Change/eliminate
1) None

Muscatine (Muscatine, Scott)

Attendance: 20
Chair: Steve Ahrens

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Applications for funding should include greater emphasis on follow through and show proof of implementation of a county’s plan. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Set aside funding for a public service announcement (PSA) about how REAP benefits the state to be available for statewide distribution. Vote: Unanimous.
4) The REAP funding mechanism should remain the same. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Quality of life
   a. Trails for wellness and economic
   b. Land is useful to folks for use for conservation/preservation
2) Land acquisition. Dwindling amounts left and need to protect wildlife and native species.
3) Amenities for trails (lighting, benches, restrooms)
4) Enhancing natural areas (Pigeon Creek)  
5) Environmental education  
6) Large presence for historical preservation  
7) Protect soil and water quality for food and water consumption and ag. production.  
8) Roadside vegetation  
9) Also provides local resources to educate public regarding importance of natural resources.

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:

1) More education  
2) Increase recreation opportunities  
3) Improved soil and water quality

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:

1) Lack of education/publicity about program, “Funded by REAP”

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:

1) More land protection acquisition  
2) Retain successful formula  
3) Increase REAP funding

Change/eliminate:

1) More publicity required with awarding of grant

Burlington (Des Moines, Henry, Lee, Louisa)

Attendance: 25  
Chair: Al Ourth  
Approved Motions:  
1) Provide funding for local REAP Committees.  
   Vote: Unanimous.  
2) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:

1) Land and recreation areas accessible to all, including urbanites.  
2) Clean water  
3) Soil conservation  
4) Trails  
5) Honey Creek  
6) Public hunting  
7) Private land assistance  
8) Roadside beauty  
9) Biodiversity  
10) Conservation Education  
11) Dedicated funding  
12) Acquisition of land  
13) Wapello City Park  
14) Farmstead windbreaks  
15) TSI
16) Tree plantings

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Allow public greater access to natural areas
2) Health and wellness with trails
3) Water and land improvements
4) Water quality
5) Soil quality
6) Environmental education
7) Flint River Trail
8) Overall community enhancement
9) Tourism
10) Leveraging other funds
11) Public hunting areas
12) Quality of life
13) Economic health

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Only complaint is land take off county tax rolls for county acquisition
2) Trails across private property
3) Competition decreases money elsewhere
4) Lose interest in projects without money
5) Project may not fit perfectly and scores low
6) Local match not always feasible

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) More money or fully funded or $25 million
2) Continue with formula
3) More public recognition of funding use
4) Talk to state legislators
5) Expand to water quality
6) Expand Urban conservation
7) Expand Trails and Recreation areas
8) More conservation education funds
9) Support for plans/forming committees
10) Grant writing workshops
11) County conservation: split into acquisition and development (trails?)
12) More urban conservation
13) More dialogue with legislators
14) Public education about REAP

Change/eliminate:
1) Improve collaboration/cooperation between pie slices
Fairfield (Davis, Jefferson, Keokuk, Mahaska, Van Buren, Wapello)

Attendance: 34
Chair: Detra Dettman

Approved Motions:

1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that the REAP formula stays the same. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Explore ways to make it easier to leverage other state funds. Vote: Unanimous.
4) REAP partner with conservation non-governmental organizations to restore and enhance natural resources. Vote: Unanimous.
5) Continue to improve and enhance our forestry programs. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:

1) Provides grassroots funding with local match.
2) Trickle down/runs through community
3) Land acquisition, key to preservation of fragile habitat/public areas
4) Park expansion
5) Native vegetation awareness
6) Water quality
7) Habitat and promotes wildlife
8) Scenic beauty
9) Education is locally led
10) Preservation of heritage
11) Trails: health and connect people to the environment
12) Historic preservation
13) Courthouse: kept building useable and provides a connection to past and economic development
14) Keeps economic benefits from going elsewhere
15) Soil Conservation
16) Urban rain gardens
17) Fox River

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:

1) See all above
2) Ottumwa tail system
3) Eldon Park and trail development
4) Public land acquisition
5) People using trails and parks for outdoor recreation
6) Tourism dollars generated from REAP funds provide ongoing enhancements

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:

1) Not enough money in REAP

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:

1) More funding – Sales tax increase
2) Original money in distribution formula works well
3) REAP should be fully funded
4) Fund wildlife habitat restoration – Pheasant/Quail
5) Build trail from Des Moines to Keokuk
Change/eliminate:
1) Clairvoyant grant funding
2) More categories in pie pieces
3) Change to better leverage other state funds
4) Roadside vegetation sent to farmers for hay
5) Nutrient management – control of nitrate run-off

Shenandoah (Fremont, Mill, Montgomery, Page)

Attendance: 20
Chair: Bill Danforth

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Review the County Conservation Board category to consider the discretion or greater emphasis on smaller projects. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Land acquisition and putting ground back into natural state
2) Urban outdoor education
3) Windbreaks
4) Soil and water quality
5) Improve the quality of life
6) Increase public areas
7) Has helped preserve Iowa. Restored and preserved land use
8) Wabash Trace
9) Viking Lake
10) General trails
11) Brings people to area and drives economic development

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Wabash popularity (trails that wouldn’t be there otherwise)
2) Soil and water improvements
3) Education of farmers and others
4) Pay taxes on state acquisitions
5) More money for more practices on the land
6) Economic development

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Loss of private land
2) Loss of REAP practices

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Increase education funding
2) Need full REAP Funding or $25 million for 25th year
3) Keep pie percentages the same
4) Increase of awareness in public and educational settings

Change/eliminate:
1) Spread money among more projects or more projects funded for lesser amounts.
2) Tax credit for land gifts to conservation organizations
Council Bluffs (Cass, Harrison, Pottawattamie, Shelby)

Attendance: 23
Chair: Tim Sproul

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Recommend that if the Iowa Legislature fund the Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation Trust Fund (IWiLL) without compromising REAP funding. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Increase awareness of current REAP projects involving technology to other entities. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Leveraging other funds
2) Critical money for conservation
3) Land acquisition and protection
4) Projects on the ground
5) True conservation projects, not just infrastructure
6) Local control of funds and projects
7) Getting stakeholders facilities that get them outside
8) Opportunities for small communities
9) Hitchcock Nature Center
10) State Park Funding
11) Protected Lands: Recreation and Soil and water conservation
12) Right of ways management
13) Quality of life

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) See above
2) Make communities more attractive
3) Economic impact
4) Saving money through improved land protection and water quality
5) Healthier community
6) Quality of life
7) Educational opportunities
8) Bringing communities together
9) Assistance to non-traditional ag lands
10) Historical Preservation
11) Funding for many programs
12) Categories are consistent
13) Leveraging other funds
14) Every Iowan is helped

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Failed to communicate importance of conservation to enough farmers
2) Lack of education about projects and REAP program.

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) Keep REAP fully funded
2) Maintain current structure
Fort Dodge (Calhoun, Hamilton, Humboldt, Pocahontas, Webster, Wright)

Attendance: 27
Chair: Brian Lammers
Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Require RV owners to purchase a natural resources license plate with the revenue to be used for campground improvements. Vote: Unanimous.
3) Ask REAP Congress to show support for IWiLL. Vote: Unanimous.
4) Provide a better education for Iowans about REAP. Vote: Unanimous.
5) More funding for Historical Resources in the fund distribution. Vote: Unanimous.

Additional Recommendations:
1) Have promotional material for natural resources license plates available at campgrounds.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Trails: all purpose and water trails
2) Parks: OHV, Webster County Nature Center
3) Open spaces areas
4) Boone River
5) Water and soil quality
6) County conservation efforts
7) Education
8) Quality of life
9) Economic Development
10) Ability to multiply funds
11) Recreation trail grants which wouldn’t happen without REAP match
12) Permanently protecting land
13) Nature Centers in early years
14) Water quality projects
15) Windbreaks
16) Forest restoration
17) Wetlands
18) Shelters
19) Education

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Use of trails has turned doubters into advocates
2) Economic development with after work activities
3) Sense of pride and clean-up of facilities
4) Areas with access to outdoor open space
5) Doubters sometimes don’t understand all aspects (property taxes)
6) Education
7) Publicity
8) Urban landscape changes/run-off
9) Money touches everyone
10) Ability to multiple funds
11) Quality of life
12) Water quality
13) Recreational opportunities
14) Population retention
15) Healthy lifestyle
16) Gets people outside

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Lack of education
2) Misunderstood water quality
3) Sometimes (seldom) farm ground is used that maybe should not
4) Grant limitations and competitiveness

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Water quality and soil conservation
2) Plan for historic properties (many in downtown)
3) Marketing Iowa out of state
4) Dept. of Tourism and IEDA should better partner but we should be more proactive
5) Continue REAP, even with IWILL passage
6) Fully Fund REAP
7) Keep formula the same
8) More money to REAP CEP
9) Promote REAP through social media
10) Increase grant availability
11) Consistent REAP funding
12) Emphasis on water quality

Change/eliminate:
1) Use of funds for bond payoff

Lovilia (Appanoose, Lucas, Monroe, Wayne)

Attendance: 22
Chair: Lyle Asell

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Maintain current formula. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Water quality protection
2) Trails
3) Enables counties to develop wild habitat and recreation opportunities that normally would not happen.
4) Provide funding source for state parks. Capital projects, such as campgrounds and trails
5) Landmark legislation that captures many categories concerning conservation. Creating public access and awareness.
6) Enables conservation efforts on private grounds.
7) REAP funds create a ripple effect that brings money to rural communities.
8) Promotes healthy living...trails
9) REAP partnered money increases park and wildlife area usage
10) Brings our nature deprived society to the area to spend money and enjoy!
11) County land acquisition
12) Iowa roadside vegetation plantings
13) Watershed projects
14) Private landowner contract management and cost share
Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) More parks/nature areas and less hog confinements
2) Somewhat easily administered
3) Positive health benefit

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) In years of low funding, feelings of frustration can be felt in a community. Not able to complete a project or simply not fund projects
2) Not enough money
3) Highly competitive

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?
Continue/expand:
1) Communication, education regarding REAP, get the word out
2) Management continuation after a project has been implemented
3) Focus on grassroots efforts/education
4) Land/open space acquisitions
5) Wilderness style recreation
6) Restoration – Native eco-systems
7) Less industrial agriculture
8) Be strategic on the location of land purchases... i.e. watersheds of drinking water supply reservoirs.

9) Increase in education funding
10) Improve maintenance/management of the land
11) Set a timeframe or cutoff date for mowing Iowa roadsides
12) $25 million for the 25th Anniversary
13) Money to help landowners and municipalities to plant tree/prairie plants (local eco-type seeds)

Change/eliminate:
1) Phase out property taxes paid by REAP after 15-20 years.
2) Less industrial/corporate ag. More organic small farms

Afton (Adair, Adams, Clarke, Decatur, Madison, Ringgold, Taylor, Union)

Attendance: 21
Chair: Kate Zimmerman

Approved Motions:
1) Raise cap of REAP to $30 million. Vote: 20=Yes, 1=No.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Water quality protection
2) Trails
3) Land acquisition
4) County/City park projects
5) Able to do things that otherwise wouldn’t have

Positive impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Matching funds
2) Leverage
3) Jump starts projects
4) Local return of funds
5) Tourism

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:
1) Not enough funding
2) Expand soil conservation efforts
3) How will we maintain funding in the future?
4) Be conscious that land purchase requires future funds to maintain
5) Continued efforts for conservation on private lands

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:
1) Full funding
2) Continue program
3) Expand to rural areas
4) Keep focus where it is
5) Raise the cap beyond $20 million

West Des Moines (Boone, Dallas, Jasper, Marion, Polk, Story, Warren)

Attendance: 32
Chair: Mark Ackelson

Approved Motions:
1) Recommend that the Governor and Legislature fund REAP at $25 Million for the programs’ 25th year anniversary. Vote: Unanimous.
2) Encourage the Legislature to raise the sales tax to support Iowa’s Water and Land Legacy. Vote: Unanimous.

Impacts of REAP in past 24 years:
1) Trails
2) Leveraging funds
3) Economic development tool
4) Land acquisition
5) Protection of corridors
6) Public access to outdoor opportunities
7) Education for public
8) Allowing communities to develop green spaces
9) Leverage money to increase public lands ownership
10) Storm water management education
11) IRVM program
12) Public participate
13) Leverage 3 x
14) Funds there every year
15) Target needs
16) Develop urban program
17) Healthier living
18) Economic stimulus i.e. High Trestle Trail and the new businesses
19) Marry quality of life, economic stimuli and natural resources
20) Ability to protect the natural resources that we already have and save the pieces
21) Partnerships and leveraging of diverse entities working together
22) Environmental education programming – ability to do innovative pilot programming. The grant program allowing other counties to copy/use a good/successful grant
Positive impacts of REAP in your community:

1) Allows communities to do projects they normally wouldn’t be able to do.
2) Help preserve natural areas
3) Job creation
4) Cost share incentive
5) Education
6) Increased trail usage and related health benefits
7) Increased public awareness of REAP
8) Encourages holistic natural resource conservation in communities

Negative impacts of REAP in your community:

1) Too low of funding level
2) Smaller counties feel they won’t get funded in competition with bigger counties
3) Not enough to fully fund REAP
4) County Conservation Boards must fund at the millage level to receive funding
5) REAP has not been fully funded. Always more applications than money available.

What parts of REAP should continue/expand or change/eliminated?

Continue/expand:

1) Increase funding
2) Keep distribution the same
3) Maintain into the future
4) More public awareness
5) Promote more grant requests
6) Expand environmental education funding
7) Don’t short the EE for kids – future generations
8) $25 million for the 25th Anniversary of REAP

Change/eliminate:

1) Give additional points for county/park and rec. or other entities that are working together on a grant.
2) More needed for land protection
3) Fund more research projects
4) Designate green space in each community
5) Fund sustainable development in communities.